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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q/A**  
AMENDMENT NO.1 TO FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2007**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 0-24796

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**BERMUDA**  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation and organization)  
**Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**98-0438382**  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)  
**HM 11 Bermuda**  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 441-296-1431

Indicate by check mark whether registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for each shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Outstanding as of April 27, 2007</u>
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.08	34,622,338
Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.08	6,312,839

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

This is Amendment No. 1 to the Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2007 of Central European Media Enterprises Ltd., as originally filed on May 3, 2007.

We are filing this Amendment No. 1 to correct the classification of certain provisions for legal contingencies, which had previously been reported as non-operating expenses within our condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and are now being reported as operating expenses.

This modification resulted in changes in Item 1. Financial Statements, where the condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 has been amended, and in Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, where the analysis of Corporate Operating Costs, Operating Income and Other Expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007 has been amended.

We have not otherwise updated this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A to modify disclosures in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2007 for events occurring subsequent to the original May 3, 2007 filing date; and except for the modifications referred to in the preceding paragraph, it continues to speak as of May 3, 2007.

### CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.

#### FORM 10-Q/A AMENDMENT NO.1 TO FORM 10-Q

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(US\$ 000's)  
(Unaudited)

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 157,340	\$ 145,904
Restricted cash (Note 6)	5,485	4,954
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) (Note 7)	144,412	152,505
Income taxes receivable	3,831	3,053
Program rights	63,943	59,645
Other current assets (Note 8)	49,704	47,555
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>424,715</b>	<b>413,616</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Investments	16,563	19,214
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	122,004	115,805
Program rights	84,198	76,638
Goodwill (Note 4)	903,597	905,580
Broadcast licenses (Note 4)	202,409	198,730
Other intangible assets (Note 4)	76,038	71,942
Other non-current assets (Note 8)	18,767	17,475
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>1,423,576</b>	<b>1,405,384</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,848,291</b>	<b>\$ 1,819,000</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)**  
(US\$ 000's)  
(Unaudited)

	<b>March 31,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 10)	\$ 141,232	\$ 119,717
Duties and other taxes payable	41,480	31,707
Income taxes payable	10,043	12,434
Credit facilities and obligations under capital leases (Note 11)	12,650	13,057
Deferred consideration – Croatia (Note 6)	4,055	4,010
Deferred consideration – Ukraine	-	200
Deferred tax	4,268	1,836
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>213,728</b>	<b>182,961</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Credit facilities and obligations under capital leases (Note 11)	5,795	6,359
Senior Notes (Note 5)	492,742	487,291
Income taxes payable	5,515	3,000
Deferred tax	59,310	58,092
Other non-current liabilities	14,777	19,342
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>578,139</b>	<b>574,084</b>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 18)		
<b>Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries</b>	<b>25,949</b>	<b>26,189</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Nil shares of Preferred Stock of \$0.08 each (December 31, 2006 – nil)	-	-
34,622,338 shares of Class A Common Stock of \$0.08 each (December 31, 2006 – 34,412,138)	2,770	2,753
6,312,839 shares of Class B Common Stock of \$0.08 each (December 31, 2006 – 6,312,839)	505	505
Additional paid-in capital	934,904	931,108
Accumulated deficit	(35,199)	(31,730)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	127,495	133,130
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>1,030,475</b>	<b>1,035,766</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,848,291</b>	<b>\$ 1,819,000</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
(US\$ 000's, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March	
	2007 (as restated, see Note 2)	2006
<b>Net revenues</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>\$ 119,754</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Operating costs	25,657	22,972
Cost of programming	66,353	48,418
Depreciation of station property, plant and equipment	6,899	5,702
Amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles (Note 4)	5,162	4,332
<b>Cost of revenues</b>	<b>104,071</b>	<b>81,424</b>
Station selling, general and administrative expenses	15,781	14,166
Corporate operating costs	14,773	7,981
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>13,827</b>	<b>16,183</b>
Interest income	1,414	1,453
Interest expense	(11,396)	(10,518)
Foreign currency exchange loss, net	(3,136)	(10,862)
Change in fair value of derivatives (Note 12)	4,524	-
Other expense	(244)	(548)
<b>Income / (loss) before provision for income taxes, minority interest, equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates and discontinued operations</b>	<b>4,449</b>	<b>(4,292)</b>
Provision for income taxes	(5,059)	(3,994)
<b>Loss before minority interest, equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates and discontinued operations</b>	<b>(610)</b>	<b>(8,286)</b>
Minority interest in (loss) / income of consolidated subsidiaries	360	(5,441)
Equity in income / (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates	-	(730)
<b>Net loss from continuing operations</b>	<b>(250)</b>	<b>(14,457)</b>
<b>Discontinued operations (Note 17):</b>		
Tax on disposal of discontinued operations (Czech Republic)	-	(3,807)
<b>Net loss from discontinued operations</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,807)</b>
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (250)</b>	<b>\$ (18,264)</b>
Currency translation adjustment, net	(5,635)	32,459
<b>Total comprehensive (loss) / income</b>	<b>\$ (5,885)</b>	<b>\$ 14,195</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)**  
(US\$ 000's, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March</b>	
	<b>31,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>PER SHARE DATA (Note 15):</b>		
<i>Net loss per share:</i>		
Continuing operations – Basic	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.38)
Continuing operations – Diluted	(0.01)	(0.38)
Discontinued operations – Basic	-	(0.10)
Discontinued operations – Diluted	-	(0.10)
Net loss – Basic	(0.01)	(0.48)
Net loss – Diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.48)
<i>Weighted average common shares used in computing per share amounts (000's):</i>		
Basic	40,793	38,100
Diluted	40,793	38,100

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(US\$ 000's)  
(Unaudited)

	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Number of shares	Par value	Number of shares	Par value				
<b>BALANCE, December 31, 2006</b>	<b>34,412,138</b>	<b>\$ 2,753</b>	<b>6,312,839</b>	<b>\$ 505</b>	<b>\$ 931,108</b>	<b>\$ (31,730)</b>	<b>\$ 133,130</b>	<b>\$ 1,035,766</b>
Impact of adoption of FIN 48	-	-	-	-	-	(3,219)	-	(3,219)
<b>BALANCE, upon the adoption of FIN 48</b>	<b>34,412,138</b>	<b>\$ 2,753</b>	<b>6,312,839</b>	<b>\$ 505</b>	<b>\$ 931,108</b>	<b>\$ (34,949)</b>	<b>\$ 133,130</b>	<b>\$ 1,032,547</b>
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	1,797	-	-	1,797
Stock options exercised	210,200	17	-	-	1,999	-	-	2,016
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(250)	-	(250)
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,635)	(5,635)
<b>BALANCE, March 31, 2007</b>	<b>34,622,338</b>	<b>\$ 2,770</b>	<b>6,312,839</b>	<b>\$ 505</b>	<b>\$ 934,904</b>	<b>\$ (35,199)</b>	<b>\$ 127,495</b>	<b>\$ 1,030,475</b>

	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Number of shares	Par value	Number of shares	Par value				
<b>BALANCE, December 31, 2005</b>	<b>31,032,994</b>	<b>\$ 2,482</b>	<b>6,966,533</b>	<b>\$ 558</b>	<b>\$ 754,061</b>	<b>\$ (52,154)</b>	<b>\$ (24,394)</b>	<b>\$ 680,553</b>
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	688	-	-	688
Stock options exercised	63,000	5	-	-	911	-	-	916
Shares issued, net of fees	2,530,000	202	-	-	168,397	-	-	168,599
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(18,264)	-	(18,264)
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,459	32,459
<b>BALANCE, March 31, 2006 as restated (see note 2)</b>	<b>33,625,994</b>	<b>\$ 2,689</b>	<b>6,966,533</b>	<b>\$ 558</b>	<b>\$ 924,057</b>	<b>\$ (70,418)</b>	<b>\$ 8,065</b>	<b>\$ 864,951</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(US\$ 000's)  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March	
	31,	
	2007	2006
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
<b>Net loss</b>	\$ (250)	\$ (18,264)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash generated from operating activities:		
Loss from discontinued operations (Note 17)	-	3,807
Equity in (income) / loss of unconsolidated affiliates, net of dividends received	-	730
Depreciation and amortization	51,762	36,764
Loss on disposal of fixed asset	7	821
Interest receivable, net	-	(47)
Stock-based compensation (Note 14)	1,262	688
Minority interest in (loss) / income of consolidated subsidiaries	(360)	5,441
Change in fair value of derivatives (Note 12)	(4,524)	-
Foreign currency exchange loss, net	3,136	10,861
Net change in (net of effects of acquisitions and disposals of businesses):		
Accounts receivable	10,226	7,567
Program rights	(48,123)	(40,104)
Other assets	(3,973)	2,901
Settlement liability	-	(10,007)
Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities	14,540	12,373
Income taxes payable	(2,299)	2,300
Deferred taxes	766	3,574
VAT and other taxes payable	9,743	12,288
<b>Net cash generated from continuing operating activities</b>	<b>31,913</b>	<b>31,693</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net change in restricted cash	(440)	(4,068)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(11,995)	(10,397)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	19	-
Investments in subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates	(8,585)	(53,153)
Repayment of loans and advances to related parties	100	100
<b>Net cash used in continuing investing activities</b>	<b>(20,901)</b>	<b>(67,518)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from credit facilities	200	28,491
Payment of credit facilities and capital leases	(1,255)	(508)
Proceeds from issuance of stock options	-	916
Issuance of shares of Class A Common Stock	2,016	168,599
Dividends paid to minority shareholders	(152)	(517)
<b>Net cash received from continuing financing activities</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>196,981</b>
<b>NET CASH USED IN DISCONTINUED OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(1,624)</b>	<b>(1,690)</b>
<b>Impact of exchange rate fluctuations on cash</b>	<b>1,239</b>	<b>1,817</b>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,436	161,283
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period</b>	<b>145,904</b>	<b>71,658</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 157,340</b>	<b>\$ 232,941</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

**1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS**

Central European Media Enterprises Ltd., a Bermuda corporation, was formed in June 1994. Our assets are held through a series of Dutch and Netherlands Antilles holding companies. We invest in, develop and operate national and regional commercial television stations and channels in Central and Eastern Europe. At March 31, 2007, we have operations in Croatia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Ukraine.

Our principal subsidiaries, equity-accounted affiliates and cost investments as at March 31, 2007 were:

Company Name	Effective Voting Interest	Jurisdiction of Organization	Type of Affiliate (1)
Nova TV d.d. ("Nova TV (Croatia)")	100.0%	Croatia	Subsidiary
Media House d.o.o.	100.0%	Croatia	Subsidiary
CME Media Investments s r.o.	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
VILJA a.s. ("Vilja")	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
CET 21 spol. S r.o. ("CET 21")	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
ERIKA, a.s.	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
MEDIA CAPITOL, a.s.	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
NOVA-V.I.P., a.s.	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary (in liquidation)
HARTIC a.s.	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
Galaxie sport, s r.o. ("Galaxie Sport")	100.0%	Czech Republic	Subsidiary
Media Pro International S.A. ("MPI")	90.0%	Romania	Subsidiary
Media Vision SRL. ("Media Vision")	75.0%	Romania	Subsidiary
MPI Romania B.V.	90.0%	Netherlands	Subsidiary
Pro TV S.A. ("Pro TV")	90.0%	Romania	Subsidiary
Sport Radio TV Media SRL ("TV Sport")	90.0%	Romania	Subsidiary
Mediapro B.V.	10.0%	Netherlands	Cost investment
Media Pro Management S.A.	10.0%	Romania	Cost investment
A.R.J., a.s. ("ARJ")	100.0%	Slovak Republic	Subsidiary
MARKIZA-SLOVAKIA, spol. S r.o. ("Markiza")	80.0%	Slovak Republic	Subsidiary
GAMATEX, spol. S r.o.	80.0%	Slovak Republic	Subsidiary (in liquidation)
A.D.A.M. a.s.	80.0%	Slovak Republic	Subsidiary (in liquidation)
MMTV 1 d.o.o.	100.0%	Slovenia	Subsidiary
Produkcija Plus d.o.o. ("Pro Plus")	100.0%	Slovenia	Subsidiary
POP TV d.o.o. ("Pop TV")	100.0%	Slovenia	Subsidiary
Kanal A d.o.o. ("Kanal A")	100.0%	Slovenia	Subsidiary
Euro 3 TV d.o.o.	42.0%	Slovenia	Equity-Accounted Affiliate
MTC Holding d.o.o.	24.0%	Slovenia	Equity-Accounted Affiliate (in liquidation)

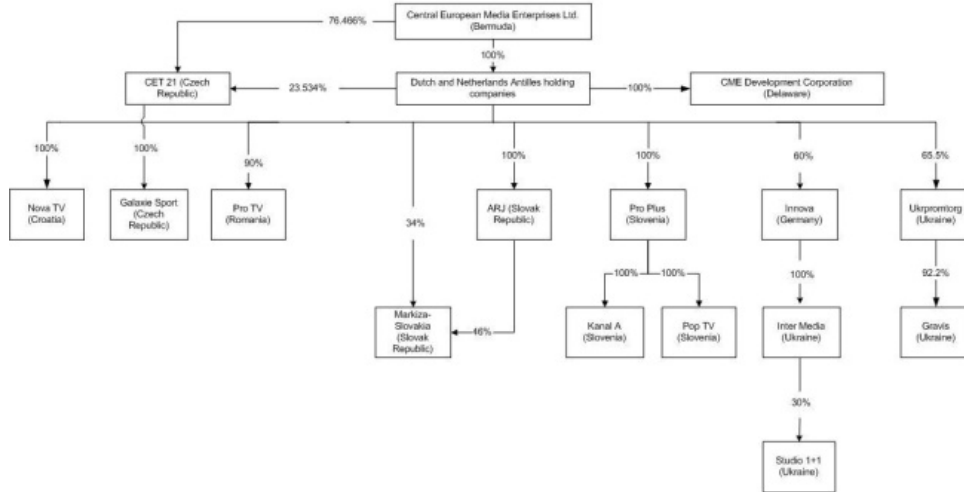
**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

<b>Company Name</b>	<b>Effective Voting Interest</b>	<b>Jurisdiction of Organization</b>	<b>Type of Affiliate (1)</b>
International Media Services Ltd. ("IMS")	60.0%	Bermuda	Subsidiary
Innova Film GmbH ("Innova")	60.0%	Germany	Subsidiary
Foreign Enterprise "Inter-Media" ("Inter-Media")	60.0%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
TV Media Planet Ltd.	60.0%	Cyprus	Subsidiary
Studio 1+1 LLC ("Studio 1+1")	18.0%	Ukraine	Consolidated Variable Interest Entity
Ukrainian Media Services LLC	99.0%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
Ukrpromtorg -2003 LLC ("Ukrpromtorg")	65.5%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
Gravis LLC	60.4%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
Delta JSC	60.4%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
Nart LLC	65.5%	Ukraine	Subsidiary
TV Stimul LLC	49.1%	Ukraine	Equity-Accounted Affiliate
CME Media Enterprises B.V.	100.0%	Netherlands	Subsidiary
CME Czech Republic II B.V.	100.0%	Netherlands	Subsidiary
CME Romania B.V.	100.0%	Netherlands	Subsidiary
Central European Media Enterprises N.V.	100.0%	Netherlands Antilles	Subsidiary
Central European Media Enterprises II B.V.	100.0%	Netherlands Antilles	Subsidiary
CME SR d.o.o.	100.0%	Serbia	Subsidiary
CME Ukraine Holding GmbH	100.0%	Austria	Subsidiary
CME Cyprus Holding Ltd.	100.0%	Cyprus	Subsidiary
CME Development Corporation	100.0%	Delaware	Subsidiary

(1) All subsidiaries have been consolidated in our Consolidated Financial Statements. All equity-accounted affiliates have been accounted for using the equity method. All cost investments have been accounted for using the cost method.

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
 (Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)  
 (Unaudited)

**SIMPLIFIED CORPORATE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE - CONTINUING OPERATIONS**  
 (AS AT MARCH 31, 2007)



**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

*Croatia*

We own 100% of Nova TV (Croatia), which holds a national terrestrial broadcast license for Croatia that expires in April 2010.

*Czech Republic*

We own 100% of CET 21, which holds the national terrestrial broadcast license for TV NOVA (Czech Republic) that expires in 2017.

*Romania*

We have a 90% interest in Pro TV, TV Sport and MPI and a 75% interest in Media Vision, a production, dubbing and subtitling company. In addition, Pro TV holds the licenses for the ACASA, PRO TV INTERNATIONAL, PRO CINEMA and TV SPORT (now Sport.ro) channels. These licenses expire on various dates from August 2007 until February 2016.

We have a 10% interest in each of Media Pro BV and Media Pro Management S.A., the parent companies of the Media Pro group of companies ("Media Pro"). Substantially all of the remaining shares of Media Pro are owned directly or indirectly by Adrian Sarbu, the General Director of our Central and Eastern Europe region. Media Pro comprises a number of Romanian companies with operations in the fields of publishing, information, printing, cinema, entertainment and radio.

*Slovak Republic*

We own 80% of Markiza, which holds a national terrestrial broadcast license for the Slovak Republic that expires in September 2019.

*Slovenia*

We own 100% of Pro Plus, the operating company for our Slovenia operations. Pro Plus has a 100% voting and economic interest in each of Pop TV, which holds the licenses for the POP TV network, and Kanal A, which holds the licenses for the KANAL A network. All such licenses expire in August 2012.

*Ukraine (Studio 1+1)*

The Studio 1+1 Group is comprised of several entities in which we hold direct or indirect interests. We hold a 60% ownership and economic interest in each of Innova, IMS and TV Media Planet. Innova owns 100% of Inter-Media, a Ukrainian company, which in turn holds a 30% voting and economic interest in Studio 1+1, holder of the licenses for the STUDIO 1+1 network. The license which covers fifteen hours including prime time expires in December 2016. The second license for the remaining nine hours expires in 2014.

Our indirect ownership interest in Studio 1+1 is only 18%. We entered into an additional agreement on December 30, 2004 with Boris Fuchsmann, Alexander Rodnyansky and Studio 1+1 which re-affirms our entitlement to 60% of any distribution from Studio 1+1 to its shareholders until such time as Ukrainian legislation allows us to increase our ownership interest in Studio 1+1 to 60%. Following amendments to the Ukrainian Media Law in March 2006 that permit majority indirect foreign ownership, our partners entered into agreements with us to restructure the ownership of Studio 1+1 in order to permit CME to hold a 60% indirect interest in Studio 1+1 (see Note 18).

*Ukraine (KINO, CITI)*

We hold a 65.5% interest in Ukrpromtorg 2003 LLC ("Ukrpromtorg"), which owns (i) 92.2% of Gravis LLC, which operates the local channels, KINO and CITI; (ii) 100% of Nart LLC, which holds a satellite broadcasting license; and (iii) 75% of Stimul LLC, which operates TV STIMUL. The licenses held by Ukrpromtorg expire on dates ranging from November 2008 to July 2016.

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Presentation**

The interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007 should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2006. Our significant accounting policies have not changed since December 31, 2006, except as noted below.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying interim unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The consolidated results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Central European Media Enterprises Ltd. and our subsidiaries, after the elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. We consolidate the financial statements of entities in which we hold at least a majority voting interest and also those entities which are deemed to be a Variable Interest Entity of which we are the primary beneficiary as defined by FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46(R)"). Entities in which we hold less than a majority voting interest but over which we have the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method. Other investments are accounted for using the cost method.

We, like other television operators, experience seasonality, with advertising sales tending to be lower during the first and third quarters of each calendar year, particularly during the summer holiday period (typically July and August) and higher during the second and fourth quarters of each calendar year, particularly toward the end of the year.

The terms "Company", "we", "us", and "our" are used in this Form 10-Q/A to refer collectively to the parent company and the subsidiaries through which our various businesses are actually conducted. Unless otherwise noted, all statistical and financial information presented in this report has been converted into US dollars using appropriate exchange rates. All references to "US\$" or "dollars" are to US dollars, all references to "HRK" are to Croatian kuna, all references to "CZK" are to Czech korunas, all references to "RON" are to the New Romanian lei, all references to "SKK" are to Slovak korunas, all references to "UAH" are to Ukrainian hryvna, all references to "Euro" or "EUR" are to the European Union Euro and all references to "GBP" are to British pounds.

**Income Taxes**

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method as set out in FAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("FAS 109"). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts which are more likely than not to be realized.

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On January 1, 2007, we adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. The evaluation of a tax position under FIN 48 is a two-step process. The first step is recognition: Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return should be recognized only if those positions are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. In evaluating whether a tax position has met the more likely than not recognition threshold, it should be presumed that the position will be examined by the relevant taxing authority and that they would have full knowledge of all relevant information. The second step is measurement: Tax positions that meet the recognition criteria are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being recognized upon ultimate settlement.

As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we recognized a liability of approximately US\$ 2.0 million for unrecognized tax benefits, of which US\$1.7 million was accounted for as a reduction to retained deficit as at January 1, 2007. The total amount of unrecognized benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate amounts to US\$ 2.0 million, all of which would reduce the effective tax rate accordingly.

We recognize interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits within the provision for income taxes. As at January 1, 2007, we accrued US\$ 1.8 million in respect of interest and penalties, of which US\$1.5m was accounted for as a reduction to retained deficit.

Our subsidiaries file income tax returns in the Netherlands and various other tax jurisdictions including the United States. As at January 1, 2007, analyzed by major tax jurisdictions, the Company's subsidiaries are no longer subject to income tax examinations for years before:

<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>Year</b>
Croatia	2003
Czech Republic	2003
Germany	2000
Netherlands	2004
Romania	2002
Slovak Republic	2001
Slovenia	2001
Ukraine	2003
United States	2001

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("FAS 157"). FAS 157 addresses the need for increased consistency in fair value measurements, defining fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It also establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements. FAS 157 is effective for us beginning January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FAS 157 on our financial position and results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("FAS 159"). FAS 159 gives entities the option to prospectively measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value in the balance sheet with changes in the fair value recognized in the income statement. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, although entities may elect to adopt the statement early. We are currently evaluating the impact of adoption on our financial position and results of operations.

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**Restatements**

*Classification of legal provisions*

Subsequent to the issuance of our financial statements as of and for the period ended September 30, 2007, we determined that the current year provisions recorded in anticipation of the settlement of our Croatia litigation should be classified within operating expenses. In our previously issued 2007 quarterly condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations these provisions had been classified within non-operating expenses. As a result, we have restated Corporate Operating Costs and Other Expense to correct the classification of these legal contingencies.

The restatement had the impact on our previously presented financial information as set out below. All amounts are in US\$ 000's:

	<u>As reported previously</u>	<u>Adjustment</u>	<u>As restated</u>
<b>Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations (for the three months ended March 31, 2007)</b>			
Net revenues	147,912	-	147,912
Corporate operating costs	8,804	5,969	14,773
Operating income	19,256	(5,969)	13,287
Other expense	(6,213)	5,969	(244)
Net loss	(250)	-	(250)

*Stock-based compensation*

Subsequent to the issuance of our financial statements as of and for the period ended June 30, 2006 we initiated a voluntary review of our historical stock option granting practices for the period from 1994 to 2002. Our Audit Committee conducted the review with the assistance of independent legal counsel and an independent accounting firm. The Audit Committee found certain instances of administrative and procedural deficiencies that resulted in incorrect accounting measurement dates and other incorrect accounting, but found no evidence from which it could be concluded that the errors were the result of deliberate or intentional misconduct. These accounting errors resulted from grants made to grantees where the list of grantees and/or shares allocated to them were not sufficiently definitive for the grant to be deemed final as of the reported measurement date as well as from a small number of grants made to employees and non-employees that had been accounted for incorrectly. Errors were discovered in the accounting for grants made in the period between 1994 and 1998; we believe the impact of these instances to be immaterial for each prior year and they neither relate to nor have an impact on the current period.

However, we concluded that correcting the error in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006 would be material; therefore, in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 Section N to Topic 1 "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements", we restated our historical financial statements.

The restatement above had the impact on our previously presented financial information as set out below. All amounts are in US\$ 000's.

	<u>As reported previously</u>	<u>Adjustment</u>	<u>As restated</u>
<b>Balance Sheet (as of March 31, 2006)</b>			
Additional paid-in capital at March 31, 2006	916,876	7,181	924,057
Accumulated deficit at March 31, 2006	(63,237)	(7,181)	(70,418)

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**3. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS**

**Romania**

*Acquisition of additional interest – TV Sport*

On December 14, 2006 we acquired 20.0% of TV Sport from Silviu Prigoana for cash consideration of EUR 2.0 million (US\$ 2.6 million). TV Sport operated a sports-oriented channel focusing on local and international football, international boxing and a number of local Romanian sports.

On February 20, 2007 we acquired control of TV Sport by acquiring an additional 50.0% interest from Nolsom Limited for cash consideration of EUR 4.2 million (approximately US\$ 5.3 million). We acquired the remaining 30.0% of TV Sport, also from Nolsom Limited, on March 15, 2007 for cash consideration of EUR 2.5 million (approximately US\$ 3.1 million).

We performed a fair value exercise to allocate the purchase price to the acquired assets and liabilities and identified separately identifiable assets. The following table summarizes the preliminary fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

	<u><b>Fair Value on Acquisition</b></u>
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 35
Intangible assets subject to amortization (1)	4,784
Intangible assets not subject to amortization (2)	8,974
Other assets	2,904
Goodwill	2,311
Deferred tax liability	(1,575)
Other liabilities	(6,398)
<b>Total purchase price</b>	<u><b>\$ 11,035</b></u>

(1) The intangible assets subject to amortization comprise customer relationships, which are being amortized over one to twenty years (weighted average: 15.5 years) and trademarks, which are being amortized over two years.

(2) Intangible assets not subject to amortization represent television broadcast licenses.

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**4. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Our goodwill and intangible asset additions are the result of acquisitions in Croatia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Ukraine. No goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

*Goodwill:*

Goodwill by operating segment as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 is summarized as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2006	Additions	Foreign Currency movement	Balance March 31, 2007
Croatia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Czech Republic	823,786	-	(5,760)	818,026
Romania	31,130	2,311	-	33,441
Slovak Republic	25,483	-	1,284	26,767
Slovenia	16,458	-	182	16,640
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	4,096	-	-	4,096
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	4,627	-	-	4,627
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 905,580</b>	<b>\$ 2,311</b>	<b>\$ (4,294)</b>	<b>\$ 903,597</b>

*Broadcast licenses:*

The net book value of our broadcast licenses as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 is summarized as follows:

	Indefinite-Lived Broadcast Licenses	Amortized Broadcast Licenses	Total
<b>Balance, December 31, 2006</b>	<b>\$ 26,344</b>	<b>\$ 172,386</b>	<b>\$ 198,730</b>
Additions	8,974	-	8,974
Amortization	-	(4,198)	(4,198)
Foreign currency movements	99	(1,196)	(1,097)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2007</b>	<b>\$ 35,417</b>	<b>\$ 166,992</b>	<b>\$ 202,409</b>

With the exception of our broadcast licenses in the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic and Ukraine, our broadcast licenses primarily have indefinite lives and are subject to annual impairment reviews. The licenses in Ukraine have economic useful lives of, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over, between seven and ten years. The license in the Czech Republic has an economic useful life of, and is amortized on a straight-line basis over, twelve years. The license in the Slovak Republic has an economic useful life of, and is amortized on a straight-line basis over, thirteen years.

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The gross value and accumulated amortization of amortized broadcast licenses was as follows at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>
Gross value	\$ 200,655	\$ 201,994
Accumulated amortization	(33,663)	(29,608)
<b>Total net book value</b>	<b>\$ 166,992</b>	<b>\$ 172,386</b>

*Other intangible assets:*

The net book value of our other intangible assets as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 is summarized as follows:

	<u>Trademarks</u>	<u>Customer Relationships</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Balance, December 31, 2006</b>	<b>\$ 44,026</b>	<b>\$ 27,213</b>	<b>\$ 703</b>	<b>\$ 71,942</b>
Additions	637	4,147	-	4,784
Amortization	(26)	(925)	(13)	(964)
Foreign currency movements	(75)	329	22	276
<b>Balance, March 31, 2007</b>	<b>\$ 44,562</b>	<b>\$ 30,764</b>	<b>\$ 712</b>	<b>\$ 76,038</b>

Customer relationships are deemed to have an economic useful life of, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over, five to fourteen years. Other than the trademark acquired with TV Sport, which has an economic life of, and is being amortized on a straight line basis over, two years, trademarks have an indefinite life.

The gross value and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets was as follows at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>
Gross value	\$ 81,780	\$ 76,695
Accumulated amortization	(5,742)	(4,753)
<b>Total net book value</b>	<b>\$ 76,038</b>	<b>\$ 71,942</b>

**5. SENIOR NOTES**

Our Senior Notes consist of the following:

	<u>Carrying Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>	
	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>
EUR 245.0 million 8.25% Senior Notes	\$ 326,275	\$ 322,666	\$ 355,640	\$ 353,722
EUR 125.0 million floating rate Senior Notes	166,467	164,625	171,253	170,181
	<b>\$ 492,742</b>	<b>\$ 487,291</b>	<b>\$ 526,893</b>	<b>\$ 523,903</b>

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On May 5, 2005, we issued Senior Notes in the aggregate principal amount of EUR 370.0 million consisting of EUR 245.0 million of 8.25% Senior Notes due May 2012 and EUR 125.0 million of floating rate Senior Notes due May 2012, which bear interest at six-month Euro Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR") plus 5.50% (9.23% was applicable at March 31, 2007). Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on each May 15 and November 15. The fair value of the Senior Notes as at March 31, 2007 was calculated by multiplying the outstanding debt by the traded market price.

The Senior Notes are secured senior obligations and rank pari passu with all existing and future senior indebtedness and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The amounts outstanding are guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of shares of those subsidiaries and an assignment of certain contractual rights. The terms of our indebtedness restrict the manner in which our business is conducted, including the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the making of investments, the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions, entering into certain affiliate transactions and the sale of assets.

In the event that (A) there is a change in control by which (i) any party other than our present shareholders becomes the beneficial owner of more than 35.0% of our total voting power; (ii) we agree to sell substantially all of our operating assets; or (iii) there is a change in the composition of a majority of our Board of Directors; and (B) on the 60th day following any such change of control the rating of the Senior Notes is either withdrawn or downgraded from the rating in effect prior to the announcement of such change of control, we can be required to repurchase the Senior Notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 101.0% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase.

The Senior Notes are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at the redemption prices set forth below:

<b>From:</b>	<b>EUR 245.0 Million 8.25% Senior Notes Redemption Price</b>	<b>From:</b>	<b>EUR 125.0 Million Floating Rate Senior Notes Redemption Price</b>
May 15, 2009 to May 14, 2010	104.125%	May 15, 2007 to May 14, 2008	102.000%
May 15, 2010 to May 14, 2011	102.063%	May 15, 2008 to May 14, 2009	101.000%
May 15, 2011 and thereafter	100.000%	May 15, 2009 and thereafter	100.000%

On April 11, 2007 we issued a notice to redeem the floating rate Senior Notes on May 15, 2007.

At any time prior to May 15, 2008, we may redeem up to 35.0% of the fixed rate notes with the proceeds of any public equity offering at a price of 108.250% of the principal amount of such notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date.

In addition, prior to May 15, 2009, we may redeem all or a part of the fixed rate notes at a redemption price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of such notes, plus a "make-whole" premium and accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

Certain derivative instruments, including redemption call options and change of control and asset disposition put options, have been identified as being embedded in the Senior Notes; but as they are considered clearly and closely related to the Senior Notes, they are not accounted for separately.

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6. RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Croatia – held in escrow	\$ 4,265	\$ 4,183
Other	1,220	771
<b>Total restricted cash</b>	<b>\$ 5,485</b>	<b>\$ 4,954</b>

The amount held in escrow is payable to certain former owners of our Croatia operations.

7. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
<b>Trading:</b>		
Third-party customers	\$ 149,105	\$ 156,701
Less: allowance for bad debts and credit notes	(12,093)	(11,472)
Related parties	7,246	7,655
Less: allowance for bad debts and credit notes	(345)	(798)
<b>Total trading</b>	<b>\$ 143,913</b>	<b>\$ 152,086</b>
<b>Other:</b>		
Third-party customers	\$ 437	\$ 359
Less: allowance for bad debts and credit notes	(104)	(103)
Related parties	456	454
Less: allowance for bad debts and credit notes	(290)	(291)
<b>Total other</b>	<b>\$ 499</b>	<b>\$ 419</b>
<b>Total accounts receivable</b>	<b>\$ 144,412</b>	<b>\$ 152,505</b>

At March 31, 2007, CZK 360.2 million (approximately US\$ 17.1 million) (December 31, 2006: CZK 600.0 million, approximately US\$ 28.7 million) of receivables in the Czech Republic were pledged as collateral subject to a factoring agreement (see Note 11).

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8. OTHER ASSETS

Other current and non-current assets consist of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
<b>Current:</b>		
Prepaid programming	\$ 22,210	\$ 23,072
Other prepaid expenses	15,793	13,177
Deferred tax	2,094	2,124
VAT recoverable	2,516	2,562
Loan to related party	600	600
Capitalized debt costs	2,809	2,908
Other	3,682	3,112
<b>Total other current assets</b>	<b>\$ 49,704</b>	<b>\$ 47,555</b>
<b>Non-current:</b>		
Capitalized debt costs	\$ 10,567	\$ 11,264
Loan to related party	1,548	1,603
Deferred tax	4,738	3,443
Advances	109	102
Capitalized development costs	703	294
Other	1,102	769
<b>Total other non-current assets</b>	<b>\$ 18,767</b>	<b>\$ 17,475</b>

Capitalized debt costs primarily comprise the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of our Senior Notes in May 2005 (see Note 5), and are being amortized over the term of the Senior Notes using the effective interest method.

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9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Land and buildings	\$ 53,093	\$ 56,212
Station machinery, fixtures and equipment	108,988	115,238
Other equipment	17,586	21,980
Software licenses	16,880	15,495
Construction in progress	10,431	4,070
<b>Total cost</b>	<b>206,978</b>	<b>212,995</b>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(84,974)	(97,190)
<b>Total net book value</b>	<b>\$ 122,004</b>	<b>\$ 115,805</b>
<b>Assets held under capital leases (included above)</b>		
Land and buildings	\$ 5,078	\$ 5,541
Station machinery, fixtures and equipment	2,019	2,330
<b>Total cost</b>	<b>7,097</b>	<b>7,871</b>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,458)	(1,877)
<b>Net book value</b>	<b>\$ 5,639</b>	<b>\$ 5,994</b>

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Accounts payable	\$ 28,439	\$ 47,447
Programming liabilities	36,265	32,316
Accrued interest payable	16,102	5,375
Deferred income	19,030	3,212
Accrued staff costs	10,402	12,947
Accrued production costs	11,067	7,435
Accrued legal costs	8,947	3,619
Accrued rent costs	1,124	1,163
Authors' rights	1,663	943
Onerous contracts	1,620	-
Other accrued liabilities	6,573	5,260
<b>Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 141,232</b>	<b>\$ 119,717</b>

The accrued interest payable balance relates primarily to interest calculated on our Senior Notes.

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**11. CREDIT FACILITIES AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES**

Group loan obligations and overdraft facilities consist of the following at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

		<b>March 31,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
		<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>Credit facilities:</b>			
Corporate	(a)	\$ -	\$ -
Croatia	(b)	-	847
Czech Republic	(c) – (e)	11,892	11,975
Romania	(f)	94	-
Slovenia	(g)	-	-
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	(h)	1,705	1,703
<b>Total credit facilities</b>		<b>\$ 13,691</b>	<b>\$ 14,525</b>
<b>Capital leases:</b>			
Croatia operations, net of interest		\$ -	\$ 19
Romania operations, net of interest		408	495
Slovak Republic operations, net of interest		146	154
Slovenia operations, net of interest		4,200	4,223
<b>Total capital leases</b>		<b>\$ 4,754</b>	<b>\$ 4,891</b>
<b>Total credit facilities and capital leases</b>		<b>\$ 18,445</b>	<b>\$ 19,416</b>
Less current maturities		(12,650)	(13,057)
<b>Total non-current maturities</b>		<b>\$ 5,795</b>	<b>\$ 6,359</b>

**Corporate**

(a) On July 21, 2006, we entered into a five-year revolving loan agreement for EUR 100.0 million (approximately US\$ 133.2 million) arranged by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (the "Loan"). ING Bank N.V. ("ING") and Ceska Sporitelna, a.s. ("CS") are participating in the facility for up to EUR 50.0 million in aggregate.

The Loan bears interest at a rate of three-month EURIBOR plus 2.75% on the drawn amount. The available amount of the Loan amortizes by 7.5% every six months from May 2008 to November 2009, then by 15% in May 2010 and November 2010, and by 40% in May 2011.

Covenants contained in the Loan are in line with those contained in our Senior Notes (see Note 5). In addition, the Loan's covenants restrict us from making principal repayments on other debt of greater than US\$ 20.0 million per year for the life of the Loan. This restriction is not applicable to our existing facilities with ING or CS or to any refinancing of our Senior Notes.

The Loan is a secured senior obligation and ranks pari passu with all existing and future senior indebtedness, including the Senior Notes, and is effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The amount drawn is guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries and is secured by a pledge of shares of those subsidiaries and an assignment of certain contractual rights. The terms of the Loan restrict the manner in which our business is conducted, including the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the making of investments, the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions, entering into certain affiliate transactions and the sale of assets.

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There were no drawings under this facility as at March 31, 2007, however the full amount of EUR 100.0 million was drawn on April 18, 2007 (see Note 19).

**Croatia**

(b) On March 28, 2007, we repaid EUR 0.6 million (approximately US\$ 0.8 million) which had been drawn by our Croatia operations under two loan agreements with Hypo Alpe-Adria Bank d.d. The security held by the Bank was also released.

**Czech Republic**

(c) As at March 31, 2007, there were no drawings by CET 21 under a four-year credit facility of CZK 1.2 billion (approximately US\$ 57.1 million) available until October 31, 2009 with Ceska Sportelna, a.s. ("CS"). This facility may, at the option of CET 21, be drawn in CZK, US\$ or EUR and bears interest at the three-month, six-month or twelve-month London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), EURIBOR or Prague Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("PRIBOR") rate plus 1.95%. This facility is secured by a pledge of receivables, which are also subject to a factoring arrangement with Factoring Ceska Sportelna, a.s., a subsidiary of CS.

(d) CZK 250.0 million (approximately US\$ 11.9 million), the full amount of the facility, had been drawn by CET 21 under a working capital facility agreement with CS with a maturity date of April 30, 2007 and bearing interest at the three-month PRIBOR plus 1.65% (three-month PRIBOR relevant to drawings under this facility at March 31, 2007 was 2.57%). On April 7, 2007 the term of this facility was extended to April 30, 2008. This facility is secured by a pledge of receivables, which are also subject to a factoring arrangement with Factoring Ceska Sportelna, a.s.

(e) As at March 31, 2007, there were no drawings under a CZK 600.0 million (approximately US\$ 28.5 million) factoring facility with Factoring Ceska Sportelna, a.s. available until March 31, 2010. The facility bears interest at one-month PRIBOR plus 1.40% for the period that actively assigned accounts receivable are outstanding. On April 11, 2007 the size of the facility was reduced from CZK 600.0 million to CZK 300.0 million.

**Romania**

(f) As at March 31, 2007, an amount of RON 242,739 (approximately US\$ 0.1 million) was outstanding under a loan agreement from one of the founding shareholders of TV Sport. The loan is interest free and is repayable in equal monthly instalments by August 31, 2007.

**Slovenia**

(g) On July 29, 2005, Pro Plus entered into a revolving facility agreement for up to EUR 37.5 million (approximately US\$ 49.9 million) in aggregate principal amount with ING Bank N.V., Nova Ljubljanska Banka d.d., Ljubljana and Bank Austria Creditanstalt d.d., Ljubljana. The facility amortizes by 10.0% each year for four years commencing one year after signing, with 60.0% repayable after five years. This facility is secured by a pledge of the bank accounts of Pro Plus, the assignment of certain receivables, a pledge of our interest in Pro Plus and a guarantee of our wholly-owned subsidiary CME Media Enterprises B.V. Loans drawn under this facility will bear interest at a rate of EURIBOR for the period of drawing plus a margin of between 2.10% and 3.60% that varies according to the ratio of consolidated net debt to consolidated broadcasting cash flow for Pro Plus. As at March 31, 2007, EUR 33.8 million (approximately US\$ 45.0 million) was available for drawing under this revolving facility and there were no drawings outstanding.

**Ukraine (KINO, CITI)**

(h) Our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations have entered into a number of three-year unsecured loans with Glavred-Media, LLC, the minority shareholder in Ukrpromtorg. As at March 31, 2007, the total value of loans drawn was US\$ 1.7 million. The loans are repayable between August 2009 and December 2009 and bear interest at 9.0%.

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*Total Group*

At March 31, 2007, the maturity of our debt (including our Senior Notes) is as follows:

2007	\$	11,991
2008		-
2009		1,700
2010		-
2011		-
2012 and thereafter		492,742
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>506,433</b>

In accordance with the terms of the floating rate Senior Notes, we have notified holders of these Senior Notes that we will redeem them on May 15, 2007 (see Note 5).

*Capital Lease Commitments*

We lease certain of our office and broadcast facilities as well as machinery and equipment under various leasing arrangements. The future minimum lease payments from continuing operations, by year and in the aggregate, under capital leases with initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year, consisted of the following at March 31, 2007:

2007	\$	867
2008		860
2009		593
2010		594
2011		593
2012 and thereafter		3,035
		<b>6,542</b>
Less: amount representing interest		(1,788)
<b>Present value of net minimum lease payments</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>4,754</b>

**12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

On April 27, 2006, we entered into currency swap agreements with two counterparties whereby we swapped a fixed annual coupon interest rate (of 9.0%) on notional principal of CZK 10.7 billion (approximately US\$ 509.0 million), payable on July 15, October 15, January 15, and April 15, to the termination date of April 15, 2012, for a fixed annual coupon interest rate (of 9.0%) on notional principal of EUR 375.9 million (approximately US\$ 500.6 million) receivable on July 15, October 15, January 15, and April 15, to the termination date of April 15, 2012.

The fair value of these financial instruments as at March 31, 2007 was a US\$ 8.0 million liability.

These currency swap agreements reduce our exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates on a part of the CZK-denominated cash flows generated by our Czech Republic operations that is approximately equivalent in value to the Euro-denominated interest payments on our Senior Notes (see Note 5). They are financial instruments that are used to minimize currency risk and are considered an economic hedge of foreign exchange rates. These instruments have not been designated as hedging instruments as defined under FASB Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", and so changes in their fair value are recorded in the consolidated statement of operations and in the consolidated balance sheet in other non-current liabilities.

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The redemption of the floating rate Senior Notes will be financed mainly by other Euro-denominated loans and therefore the integrity of the economic hedge will be largely preserved.

**13. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

*Preferred Stock*

5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, with a US\$ 0.08 par value, were authorized as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006. None were issued and outstanding as at March 31, 2007, and December 31, 2006.

*Class A and B Common Stock*

100,000,000 shares of Class A Common Stock and 15,000,000 shares of Class B Common Stock were authorized as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006. The rights of the holders of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock are identical except for voting rights. The shares of Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share and the shares of Class B Common Stock are entitled to ten votes per share. Class B Common Stock is convertible into Class A Common Stock for no additional consideration on a one-for-one basis. Holders of each class of shares are entitled to receive dividends and upon liquidation or dissolution are entitled to receive all assets available for distribution to shareholders. The holders of each class have no preemptive or other subscription rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions with respect to such shares.

**14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

The charge for stock-based compensation in our condensed consolidated statements of operations is as follows:

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Stock-based compensation charged under SFAS 123(R)	\$ 1,262	\$ 688

Under the provisions of SFAS 123(R), the fair value of stock options is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and recognized ratably over the requisite service period. No options were granted in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

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A summary of option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2007 is presented below:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2007	1,288,575	\$ 35.51	7.45	\$ 44,443
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	(210,200)	9.59		
Forfeited	(5,000)	47.36		
<b>Outstanding at March 31, 2007</b>	<b>1,073,375</b>	<b>\$ 40.53</b>	<b>7.46</b>	<b>\$ 51,435</b>
Vested or expected to vest at March 31, 2007	1,015,647	39.52	7.39	49,697
<b>Exercisable at March 31, 2007</b>	<b>364,200</b>	<b>\$ 21.92</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b>\$ 24,230</b>

The exercise of stock options is expected to generate a net operating loss carryforward in our Delaware corporation of US\$ 11.8 million. No tax benefit has been recognized in respect of this loss, which will be recorded as an addition to additional paid-in capital when it reduces income taxes payable.

The aggregate intrinsic value (the difference between the stock price on the last day of trading of the first quarter of 2007 and the exercise prices multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) represents the total intrinsic value that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options as of March 31, 2007. This amount changes based on the fair value of our Common Stock. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, was US\$ 14.7 million and US\$ 3.3 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2007, there was US\$ 13.5 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to options. The expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.90 years. Proceeds received from the exercise of stock options were US\$ 2.0 million and US\$ 0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

**15. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The components of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March	
	31, 2007	31, 2006
<b>Net loss available for common shareholders</b>	<b>\$ (250)</b>	<b>\$ (18,264)</b>
<b>Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock (000's)</b>	<b>40,793</b>	<b>38,100</b>
Dilutive effect of employee stock options (000's)	-	-
<b>Common stock and common stock equivalents (000's)</b>	<b>40,793</b>	<b>38,100</b>
<b>Loss per share:</b>		
Basic	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.48)
Diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.48)

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At March 31, 2007, 258,500 (2006: 319,453) stock options were antidilutive to income from continuing operations and excluded from the calculation of earnings per share. These may become dilutive in the future.

**16. SEGMENT DATA**

We manage our business on a geographic basis and review the performance of each business segment using data that reflects 100% of operating and license company results. Our business segments are comprised of Croatia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia and our two businesses in Ukraine.

We evaluate the performance of our business segments based on Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA. Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA include our operations in the Slovak Republic which were not consolidated prior to January 23, 2006.

Our key performance measure of the efficiency of our business segments is EBITDA margin. We define Segment EBITDA margin as the ratio of Segment EBITDA to Segment Net Revenue.

Segment EBITDA is determined as segment net income / (loss), which includes program rights amortization costs, before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets. Items that are not allocated to our business segments for purposes of evaluating their performance and therefore are not included in Segment EBITDA, include:

- expenses presented as corporate operating costs in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income;
- stock-based compensation charges;
- foreign currency exchange gains and losses;
- changes in fair value of derivatives; and
- certain unusual or infrequent items (e.g., extraordinary gains and losses, impairments of assets or investments).

Below are tables showing our Segment Net Revenues, Segment EBITDA, segment depreciation and segment asset information by operation, including a reconciliation of these amounts to our consolidated results for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 for condensed consolidated statement of operations data and as at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 for condensed consolidated balance sheet data:

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	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Segment Net Revenues (1)		Segment EBITDA	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
<b>Country:</b>				
Croatia (NOVA TV)	\$ 7,232	\$ 3,810	\$ (4,652)	\$ (4,442)
Czech Republic (TV NOVA, GALAXIE SPORT)	51,519	40,549	25,667	12,826
Romania (2)	39,342	29,871	15,136	11,613
Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV)	18,677	11,206	5,756	(977)
Slovenia (POP TV and KANAL A)	12,669	10,227	3,001	3,033
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	18,075	25,478	(2,370)	10,988
Ukraine (KINO, CITI) (3)	398	374	(2,417)	(126)
<b>Total segment data</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>\$ 121,515</b>	<b>\$ 40,121</b>	<b>\$ 32,915</b>
<b>Reconciliation to condensed consolidated statement of operations:</b>				
<b>Consolidated net revenues / income / (loss) before provision for income taxes, minority interest, equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates and discontinued operations</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>\$ 119,754</b>	<b>\$ 4,449</b>	<b>\$ (4,292)</b>
Corporate operating costs	-	-	14,773	7,981
Unconsolidated equity affiliates (4)	-	1,761	-	(1,283)
Depreciation of station property, plant and equipment	-	-	6,899	5,702
Amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles	-	-	5,162	4,332
Interest income	-	-	(1,414)	(1,453)
Interest expense	-	-	11,396	10,518
Change in fair value of derivatives	-	-	(4,524)	-
Foreign currency exchange loss, net	-	-	3,136	10,862
Other expense	-	-	244	548
<b>Total segment data</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>\$ 121,515</b>	<b>\$ 40,121</b>	<b>\$ 32,915</b>

- (1) All net revenues are derived from external customers. There are no inter-segmental revenues.  
(2) Romanian networks are PRO TV, PRO CINEMA, ACASA, PRO TV INTERNATIONAL and Sport.ro..  
(3) We acquired our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations in January 2006.  
(4) Our Slovak Republic operations were accounted for as an equity affiliate until January 23, 2006.

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	For the Three Months Ended March	
	<u>31,</u>	
Depreciation of station property, plant and equipment and amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles:	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Croatia	\$ 785	\$ 529
Czech Republic	6,461	5,525
Romania	1,747	1,227
Slovak Republic	1,187	1,471
Slovenia	986	730
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	745	572
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	150	157
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 12,061</b>	<b>\$ 10,211</b>
<b>Reconciliation to condensed consolidated statement of operations:</b>		
Unconsolidated equity affiliates	-	(177)
<b>Total consolidated depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>\$ 12,061</b>	<b>\$ 10,034</b>
Represented as follows:		
Depreciation of station property, plant & equipment	6,899	5,702
Amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles	5,162	4,332
<b>Total assets (1):</b>	<b>March 31,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b><u>2007</u></b>	<b><u>2006</u></b>
Croatia	\$ 35,179	\$ 30,394
Czech Republic	1,182,875	1,200,894
Romania	235,736	206,850
Slovak Republic	100,943	86,872
Slovenia	73,941	67,919
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	71,297	75,020
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	17,844	13,293
<b>Total segment assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,717,815</b>	<b>\$ 1,681,242</b>
<b>Reconciliation to condensed consolidated balance sheets:</b>		
Corporate	130,476	137,758
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,848,291</b>	<b>\$ 1,819,000</b>

(1) Segment assets exclude any inter-company investments, loans, payables and receivables.

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	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2007</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2006</u>
<b>Long-lived assets (1):</b>		
Croatia	\$ 8,484	\$ 6,804
Czech Republic	29,943	28,002
Romania	34,057	32,312
Slovak Republic	20,140	19,498
Slovenia	16,379	15,595
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	7,551	7,965
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	3,657	3,674
<b>Total long-lived assets</b>	<b>\$ 120,211</b>	<b>\$ 113,850</b>
<b>Reconciliation to condensed consolidated balance sheets:</b>		
Corporate	1,793	1,955
<b>Total long-lived assets</b>	<b>\$ 122,004</b>	<b>\$ 115,805</b>

(1) Reflects property, plant and equipment

We do not rely on any single major customer or group of major customers

**17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

	<u>For the Three Months Ended March</u> <u>31,</u>	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Tax on disposal of discontinued operations	-	(3,807)
<b>Net loss from discontinued operations</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (3,807)</b>

On May 19, 2003, we received US\$ 358.6 million from the Czech Republic in final settlement of our UNCITRAL arbitration in respect of our former operations in the Czech Republic.

On June 19, 2003, our Board of Directors decided to withdraw from operations in the Czech Republic. The revenues and expenses of our former Czech Republic operations and the award income and related legal expenses have therefore all been accounted for as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

On February 9, 2004, we entered into an agreement with the Dutch tax authorities to settle all tax liabilities outstanding for the years up to and including 2003, including receipts in respect of our 2003 award in the arbitration against the Czech Republic, for a payment of US\$ 9.0 million. We expected to continue to pay tax in the Netherlands of between US\$ 1.0 and US\$ 2.5 million for the foreseeable future and therefore agreed to a minimum payment of US\$ 2.0 million per year for the years 2004 - 2008 and US\$ 1.0 million for 2009.

We have re-evaluated our forecasts of the amount of taxable income we expect to earn in the Netherlands in the period to 2009. As the tax payable on this income is lower than the minimum amounts agreed with the Dutch tax authorities, we have provided for the shortfall. In our condensed consolidated statement of operations, we recognized a charge of US\$ nil through discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 (2006: US\$ 3.8 million).

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The settlement with the Dutch tax authorities also provides that if any decision is issued at any time prior to December 31, 2008 exempting awards under Bilateral Investment Treaties from taxation in the Netherlands, we will be allowed to recover losses previously used against the 2003 arbitration award, which could be up to US\$ 195.0 million, to offset other income within the applicable carry forward rules. This would not reduce the minimum amount of tax agreed payable under the settlement agreement. At this time there is no indication that the Dutch tax authorities will issue such a decision.

The settlement with the Dutch tax authorities has also resulted in a deductible temporary difference in the form of a ruling deficit against which a full valuation allowance has been recorded.

**18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Commitments**

*a) Station Programming Rights Agreements*

At March 31, 2007, we had the following commitments in respect of future programming, including contracts signed with license periods starting after the balance sheet date:

	<b>March 31,</b>
	<b>2007</b>
Croatia	\$ 6,492
Czech Republic	30,923
Romania	19,704
Slovak Republic	19,709
Slovenia	4,695
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	18,895
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	777
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 101,195</b>

Of the amount shown in the table above, US\$ 93.9 million is payable within one year.

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*b) Operating Lease Commitments*

For the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 we incurred aggregate rent on all facilities of US\$ 2.9 million and US\$ 3.6 million, respectively. Future minimum operating lease payments at March 31, 2007 for non-cancellable operating leases with remaining terms in excess of one year (net of amounts to be recharged to third parties) are payable as follows:

	<b>March 31, 2007</b>
2007	\$ 2,849
2008	1,421
2009	1,155
2010	824
2011	394
2012 and thereafter	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,643</b>

*c) Acquisition of Minority Shareholdings in Romania*

Adrian Sarbu, the general director of our Romania operations, has the right to sell his 10.0% shareholding in Pro TV and MPI to us under a put option agreement entered into in July 2004 at a price to be determined by an independent valuation, subject to a floor price of US\$ 1.45 million for each 1.0% interest sold. A put option of 5.21% of this 10.0% shareholding is exercisable from November 12, 2009 for a twenty-year period thereafter. Mr. Sarbu's right to put the remaining 4.79% is also exercisable from November 12, 2009, provided that we have not enforced a pledge over this 4.79% shareholding which Mr. Sarbu granted as security for our right to put to him our 10.0% shareholding in Media Pro. As at March 31, 2007, we consider the fair value of this put option to be approximately US\$ nil.

*d) Other*

*Dutch Tax*

On February 9, 2004 we entered into an agreement with the Dutch tax authorities to settle all tax liabilities outstanding for the period through 2003, including receipts in respect of our 2003 award in the arbitration against the Czech Republic, for a payment of US\$ 9.0 million. We expected to continue to pay tax in the Netherlands of between US\$ 1.0 and US\$ 2.5 million for the foreseeable future and therefore also agreed to a minimum tax payable of US\$ 2.0 million per year for the years 2004 - 2008 and US\$ 1.0 million for 2009.

The settlement with the Dutch tax authorities also provides that if any decision is issued at any time prior to December 31, 2008 exempting awards under Bilateral Investment Treaties from taxation in the Netherlands, we will be allowed to recover losses previously used against the 2003 arbitration award, which could be up to US\$ 195.0 million, to offset other income within the applicable carry forward rules. This would not reduce the minimum amount of tax agreed payable under the settlement agreement. At this time there is no indication that the Dutch tax authorities will issue such a decision.

As at March 31, 2007 we provided US\$ 3.9 million (US\$ 2.5 million in non-current liabilities and US\$ 1.4 million in current liabilities) and as at December 31, 2006 we provided US\$ 5.5 million (US\$ 3.0 million in non-current liabilities and US\$ 2.5 million in current liabilities) of tax in the Netherlands as the difference between our obligation under this agreement and our estimate of tax in the Netherlands that may fall due over this period from business operations, based on current business structures and economic conditions.

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*Czech Republic - Factoring of Trade Receivables*

CET 21 has a working capital credit facility of CZK 250 million (approximately US\$ 11.9 million) with Ceska Sporitelna, a.s. This facility is secured by a pledge of receivables under the factoring agreement with Factoring Ceska Sporitelna.

The transfer of the receivables is accounted for as a secured borrowing under FASB Statement No. 140, 'Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities', with the proceeds received recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as a liability and included in current credit facilities and obligations under capital leases. The corresponding receivables are a part of accounts receivable, as we retain the risks of ownership.

**Contingencies**

*a) Litigation*

We are, from time to time, a party to litigation that arises in the normal course of our business operations. Other than those claims discussed below, we are not presently a party to any such litigation which could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business or operations. Unless otherwise disclosed, no provision has been made against any potential losses that could arise.

We present below a summary of our more significant proceedings by country.

*Croatia*

*Global Communications Disputes*

On October 29, 2004, Operativna Kompanija d.o.o. ("OK"), our former operating company in Croatia, filed suit against Global Communications d.o.o. claiming approximately HRK 53.0 million (approximately US\$ 9.6 million) in damages. Global Communications is a company controlled by Ivan Caleta, who had previously operated Nova TV (Croatia) through OK. Global Communications, together with GRP Media d.o.o., another company controlled by Mr. Caleta, had provided certain goods and services to OK and Nova TV (Croatia) in exchange for advertising time pursuant to an agreement dated April 10, 2001 (the "Global Agreement"). Global Communications and GRP Media were functionally managing the advertising inventory of Nova TV (Croatia). On December 31, 2003, Global Communications entered into a reconciliation agreement by which OK acknowledged that Global Communications was entitled to approximately 375,000 seconds of advertising time for goods and services previously provided. Following our acquisition of Nova TV (Croatia) and OK in July 2004, OK concluded that Global Communications had used all of its seconds by June 2004 based on a substantial discrepancy discovered between the utilization of advertising time recorded by Global Communications and that recorded by AGB Puls, an independent television audience measurement service operating in Croatia. In the course of its investigation of the usage of seconds by Global Communications, OK discovered that computer records of advertising seconds kept for OK may have been altered. OK brought a suit to recover amounts for advertising time used by Global Communications in excess of the 375,000 seconds agreed. Global Communications filed a counterclaim in January 2005 for HRK 68.0 million (approximately US\$ 12.3 million), claiming that the AGB data is unreliable and that it is entitled to additional seconds under the previous agreement. The lower commercial court issued a judgment on July 12, 2006 in favor of Global Communications for the full amount of the counterclaim, and we have appealed this decision on the basis of false and inadequate disclosure, wrongful application of substantive law and procedural error. Global Communications separately brought a claim against Nova TV (Croatia), on the same basis as the OK counterclaim. Both Global Communications and Nova TV (Croatia) requested the court to join this claim with the OK counterclaim but this request was denied. The lower commercial court issued a judgment on August 1, 2006 in favor of Global Communications for the full amount of the claim, after having denied submission of evidence supporting our defense. We have also appealed this decision. We have accrued for the amounts we expect to be ultimately payable as a result of having commenced settlement negotiations with Global Communications. Any such settlement would also include a settlement of the former shareholder dispute described below.

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**(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

On January 25, 2007, Nova TV (Croatia) filed suit against Global Communications. The facts underlying the claim are substantially the same as those of the abovementioned claims, but Nova TV (Croatia) is claiming that the Global Agreement and the two reconciliation agreements dated April 30, 2004 and June 30, 2004 (the "Reconciliation Agreements"), by which OK acknowledged the number of seconds of advertising time to which Global Communications was purportedly entitled, should be declared null and void under Article 141 of the Croatian Obligations Act. This provision is intended to protect a contractual party which has entered into unfair bargaining terms due to its dependency on the other contractual party. Global Communications, OK and Nova TV (Croatia) were all related parties (controlled by Ivan Caleta) and the contractual terms provided for the provision of 1,340,280 seconds by OK to Global Communications in exchange for certain transmitters. These seconds were valued at an aggregate of DEM 5 million (or DEM 3.73 per second; HRK 3.91 per second at the time) whereas the rate card price was DEM 97.18 or HRK 380.00 per second (i.e. a price that was 26 times higher). Other clients (unrelated parties) sampled from this period were paying between 382.50 HRK to 491.85 HRK per second. Nova TV (Croatia) is arguing for avoidance of this contract because of its unconscionable terms which were detrimental to OK and Nova TV (Croatia) and beneficial solely to Global Communications (which, in its capacity as an advertising agency, on-sold these seconds to its clients at market rates, thereby reaping an extraordinary profit). Nova TV (Croatia) is further claiming restitution for advertising seconds appropriated by Global Communications under the Global Agreement. The restitution amount is HRK 586.5 million (approximately US\$ 105.8 million). Given that the resolution of the issues posed by this lawsuit constitutes a preliminary question on which appellate review of the two lawsuits previously mentioned above should depend, we have requested suspension of those two reviews until this question has been finally adjudicated.

*Former Shareholder Dispute*

On July 21, 2005, Narval A.M. d.o.o. (a company wholly-owned by Ivan Caleta), Studio Millenium d.o.o. and Richard Anthony Sheldon, three of the former shareholders of OK, filed suit against Nova TV (Croatia) for rescission of the sale and purchase contract pursuant to which they sold 75% of OK to Nova TV (Croatia) in July 2004 (the "OK Sale Contract"). Nova TV (Croatia) acquired OK immediately prior to our acquiring Nova TV (Croatia). The provisions of the OK Sale Contract required Nova TV (Croatia) to make payment to the four shareholders of OK by September 1, 2004, upon receipt of appropriate invoices and bank account details. The fourth shareholder, Pitos d.o.o., issued an invoice that was duly received by Nova TV (Croatia) and payment was made thereunder. The other three shareholders claim that they hand-delivered a joint invoice to one of the former directors of Nova TV (Croatia), but we continue to dispute this. Under the Croatian Obligations Act, one party to a contract who has performed may unilaterally rescind a contract if the other party fails to perform after receipt of a written warning. On May 24, 2006, the lower commercial court decided in favor of the plaintiffs to rescind the OK Sale Contract and ordered the defendant to pay court costs. We have appealed the decision on the basis that evidence supporting our position was not allowed to be presented to the court and we continue to challenge the validity of the power of attorney purportedly issued by Richard Anthony Sheldon (a resident of the United Kingdom) to legal counsel representing the other plaintiffs.

On August 28, 2006, we received a lower court decision of an injunction against us (decided without a hearing) that, inter alia, prohibits a sale or encumbrance of 75% of the shares of OK. Although we appealed this decision, the appellate commercial court upheld the lower court's judgment on November 21, 2006. On November 6, 2006, we were notified of a request for a further injunction that would, inter alia, prohibit us from taking any actions to decrease the value of OK and require the management of OK to report to a delegate of the former shareholders. We have unsuccessfully sought the removal of the presiding judge, Raul Dubravec (who also presided over the Global Communications lawsuit against Nova TV (Croatia)). Mr. Dubravec ruled against us on December 18, 2006, requiring imposition of a temporary director for OK, which is not a remedy available under Croatian law under the facts of this action. Further, the temporary director who has been appointed is one of the former directors of OK who countersigned the Reconciliation Agreements and is an associate of Ivan Caleta. We have appealed this decision. While we continue to vigorously contest all these actions in the face of serious concerns as to the impartiality of the Croatian judicial system, we have commenced settlement negotiations with the former shareholders of OK.

**CENTRAL EUROPEAN MEDIA ENTERPRISES LTD.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Tabular amounts in US\$ 000's, except per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

*Czech Republic*

There are no significant outstanding legal actions that relate to our business in the Czech Republic.

*Romania*

There are no significant outstanding legal actions that relate to our business in Romania.

*Slovenia*

On November 20, 2002, we received notice of a claim filed by Mrs. Zdenka Meglic, the founder and a former shareholder of MMTV 1 d.o.o (MMTV), against MMTV, a subsidiary of CME Media Enterprises B.V. In her claim against MMTV, Mrs. Meglic is seeking an amount equal to EUR 0.8 million (approximately US\$ 1.1 million) for repayment of monies advanced to MMTV from 1992 to 1994 (in the amount of approximately EUR 0.1 million (approximately US\$ 0.2 million)) plus accrued interest. On September 9, 2004, the court of first instance found against MMTV and issued a judgment requiring MMTV to pay an amount equal to EUR 0.8 million (approximately US\$ 1.1 million) plus interest as well as costs. On September 24, 2004, MMTV filed an appeal against the judgment. On December 15, 2004, the appellate court vacated the judgment of the lower court and returned the case for further proceedings. We do not believe that Mrs. Meglic will prevail and will continue to defend the claim.

*Slovak Republic*

There are no significant outstanding legal actions that relate to our business in the Slovak Republic.

*Ukraine*

On October 11, 2005, Igor Kolomoisky filed a lawsuit against Alexander Rodnyansky and Studio 1+1 in a district court in Kiev. Our Ukrainian affiliate Intermedia has been joined in the proceedings as a "third party". Igor Kolomoisky is attempting to enforce what he alleges was a binding oral agreement with Alexander Rodnyansky to purchase the latter's 70.0% interest in Studio 1+1 for consideration of US\$ 70.0 million and to transfer that interest to Igor Kolomoisky on receipt of a prepayment of US\$ 2.0 million. The lawsuit arises from abortive negotiations among Igor Kolomoisky, Alexander Rodnyansky and Boris Fuchsmann for the acquisition by Igor Kolomoisky of the totality of interests in the Studio 1+1 Group held by Alexander Rodnyansky and Boris Fuchsmann, subject to Igor Kolomoisky assuming all of their obligations under our existing partnership arrangements. On August 16, 2006, the district court in Kiev ruled in favor of Igor Kolomoisky and found that he is entitled to the 70% interest in Studio 1+1 held by Alexander Rodnyansky. Our Ukrainian affiliate Intermedia and Alexander Rodnyansky filed appeals against this decision.

At a hearing on October 31, 2006, the appellate court overturned the decision of the court of first instance and denied Igor Kolomoisky's claim that he is entitled to a 70% interest in Studio 1+1 held by Alexander Rodnyansky. On November 3, 2006, Igor Kolomoisky filed an appeal with the Supreme Court of Ukraine, the highest court in Ukraine. At a hearing on February 28, 2007, the Supreme Court rejected this appeal.

On April 4, 2007 the Supreme Court of Ukraine accepted an extraordinary appeal from Igor Kolomoisky against the decision made on February 28, 2007 and the decision of the Court of Appeals of the city of Kiev made on October 31, 2006. Under Ukrainian law, such extraordinary appeals to the Supreme Court can be made on the basis (1) that an international judicial institution (whose jurisdiction has been recognized by Ukraine) determines that an appellate decision violates the international obligations of Ukraine or (2) that the decision is not consistent with prior practice of the Supreme Court. Igor Kolomoisky has based his appeal on the latter grounds. No hearing on this appeal has been scheduled to date. The Supreme Court may in its discretion either reject the appeal or vacate the earlier decisions of the Supreme Court and the appellate court and return the case to the appellate court for new consideration. However, in the absence of a decision on this extraordinary appeal, the decision of the Supreme Court of February 28, 2007 and the decision of the Court of Appeals of the city of Kiev of October 31, 2006 remain in force.

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On December 23, 2005, we initiated proceedings against our partners Alexander Rodnyansky and Boris Fuchsmann in order to enforce our contractual rights and compel a restructuring of the ownership of Studio 1+1 in order to permit us to hold a 60% interest in Studio 1+1 through a subsidiary organized in Ukraine. Initiation of this proceeding followed protracted negotiations with our partners to restructure following confirmation from the Ukraine Media Council that our proposed ownership structure would not be in violation of restrictions on foreign ownership contained in the Ukraine Media Law, which restricts direct (but not indirect) investment by foreign persons in Ukrainian broadcasters to 30%. On January 12, 2006, the Ukraine parliament adopted an amended version of the Ukraine Media Law that clarifies the absence of any restriction on indirect foreign ownership of television broadcasters. This amended Ukraine Media Law came into force in March 2006. Our partners have acknowledged an obligation to restructure upon the entry into force of these amendments. On September 5, 2006, our partners entered into certain agreements to implement the restructuring. Following the completion of the transactions reflected in these agreements and the registration of the charter of Studio 1+1 amended to reflect the new ownership of Studio 1+1, we will own 60% of Studio 1+1. Upon successful completion of the restructuring, we will terminate the proceedings initiated against our partners in December 2005.

Because of ongoing ancillary litigation to enjoin transactions related to the ownership of Studio 1+1 that have been initiated by Igor Kolomoisky, by our partners and by third parties who are not direct parties in interest to legal proceedings initiated by Igor Kolomoisky against Alexander Rodnyansky, the state registrar in the district administration in Kiev where such charter amendments are registered is presently enjoined from registering any amendments to the charter of Studio 1+1, including in respect of the restructured ownership agreed with our partners (see Note 1 "Organisation and Business", Ukraine (Studio 1+1)). Our partners are no longer seeking to enforce the injunction filed at their initiative; however, because of an intervention in this case by Igor Kolomoisky, it has not been possible for our partners to remove this injunction.

*b) Licenses*

Regulatory bodies in each country in which we operate control access to available frequencies through licensing regimes. We believe that the licenses for our license companies will be renewed prior to expiry. In Romania, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Ukraine local regulations contain a qualified presumption for extensions of broadcast licenses, according to which a broadcast license may be renewed if the licensee has operated substantially in compliance with the relevant licensing regime. To date, all expiring licenses have been renewed; however, there can be no assurance that any of the licenses will be renewed upon expiration of their current terms. The failure of any such license to be renewed could adversely affect the results of our operations.

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The following summarizes the expiry dates of our licenses:

<b>Croatia</b>	The license of NOVA TV (Croatia) expires in April 2010.
<b>Czech Republic</b>	The license of TV NOVA (Czech Republic) expires in January 2017. The GALAXIE SPORT license expires in March 2014.
<b>Romania</b>	Licenses expire on dates ranging from August 2007 to February 2016.
<b>Slovak Republic</b>	The license of MARKIZA TV in the Slovak Republic expires in September 2019.
<b>Slovenia</b>	The licenses of POP TV and KANAL A expire in August 2012.
<b>Ukraine</b>	The 15-hour prime time and off prime time license of STUDIO 1+1 expires in December 2016. The license to broadcast for the remaining nine hours in off prime expires in August 2014. Licenses held by Ukrpromptorg expire on dates ranging from November 2008 to July 2016.

*c) Restrictions on dividends from Consolidated Subsidiaries and Unconsolidated Affiliates*

Corporate law in the Central and Eastern European countries in which we have operations stipulates generally that dividends may be declared by shareholders, out of yearly profits, subject to the maintenance of registered capital and required reserves after the recovery of accumulated losses. The reserve requirement restriction generally provides that before dividends may be distributed, a portion of annual net profits (typically 5%) be allocated to a reserve, which reserve is capped at a proportion of the registered capital of a company (ranging from 5% to 25%). The restricted net assets of our consolidated subsidiaries and equity in earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method together are less than 25% of consolidated net assets.

**19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

*Redemption of floating rate notes*

On April 11, 2007 we issued a notice to redeem our floating rate Senior Notes on May 15, 2007. Redemption will involve payment of a premium of 2% of the amount outstanding, or EUR 2.5 million (approximately US\$ 3.3 million).

We will also record a non-cash charge of approximately US\$ 3.5 million at the time of redemption to write off unamortized debt issuance costs on the floating rate Senior Notes.

*Drawing of EBRD facility*

On April 18, 2007, we drew down the entire EUR 100.0 million available under our facility with the European Bank of Reconstruction and Development.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Contents

- I. **Forward-looking Statements**
- II. **Executive Summary**
- III. **Analysis of Segment Results**
- IV. **Analysis of the Results of Consolidated Operations**
- V. **Liquidity and Capital Resources**
- VI. **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

### I. Forward-looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements, including the impact of legal proceedings in Croatia and Ukraine, the results of additional investment in Croatia and Ukraine, the implementation of an advertising sales strategy in the Czech Republic and cost reductions in the Czech and Slovak Republics, our ability to develop and implement multi-channel strategies generally, the growth of television advertising in our markets, the future economic conditions in our markets, future investments in television broadcast operations, the growth potential of advertising spending in our markets, and other business strategies and commitments. For these statements and all other forward-looking statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy or are otherwise beyond our control and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, affecting our strategic plan as well as our financial position, results of operations and cash flows, could differ materially from those described in or contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that contribute to such risks include, but are not limited to, the general regulatory environments where we operate and application of relevant laws and regulations, the renewals of broadcasting licenses, our ability to implement strategies regarding sales and multi-channel distribution, the rate of development of advertising markets in countries where we operate, our ability to acquire necessary programming and the ability to attract audiences, our ability to obtain additional frequencies and licenses, and general market and economic conditions in these countries as well as in the United States and Western Europe.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our interim financial statements and notes included elsewhere in this report.

### II. Executive Summary

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations reflects the restatement of the unaudited condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007 described in Item 1, Note 2.

### Continuing Operations

The following table provides a summary of our consolidated results for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		
	(US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Net revenues	\$ 147,912	\$ 119,754	\$ 28,158
Operating income	13,287	16,183	(2,896 )
Net loss from continuing operations	(250)	(14,457)	14,207
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (250)</b>	<b>\$ (18,264)</b>	<b>\$ 18,014</b>

The principal events for the three months ended March 31, 2007 are as follows:

- In the three months ended March 31, 2007, we reported growth in both Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA of 22% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, delivering a Segment EBITDA margin of 27%, in line with that reported in the three months ended March 31, 2006 (Segment EBITDA is defined and reconciled to our consolidated results in Item 1, Note 16).
- Other than our operations in Ukraine each of our stations reported revenue growth in excess of 20% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, with particularly strong growth reported in Croatia and the Slovak Republic. Our operations in Ukraine experienced a decline in Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA because the results for the three months ended March 31, 2006 reflected a windfall from the level of political advertising ahead of the Ukrainian parliamentary elections in March 2006.
- On February 20, 2007, we acquired control of TV Sport, an operator of a sports-oriented channel focusing on local and international football, international boxing and a number of local Romanian sports (see Item 1, Note 3). In April 2007 we rebranded TV SPORT as Sport.ro.

Subsequent to the quarter-end:

- On April 11, 2007 we issued a notice to redeem our floating rate Senior Notes on May 15, 2007 at a cost of EUR 127.5 million (see Item 1, Note 19).
- On April 18, 2007 we drew down the entire EUR 100.0 million available under our facility with the European Bank of Reconstruction and Development (see Item 1, Note 19).

#### *Future Developments*

As our markets mature, we anticipate more intense competition for audience share and advertising spending from other incumbent terrestrial broadcasters and, to a lesser extent, from local cable and satellite broadcasters. We believe we are in a solid position to manage increased competition. In the near term we intend to continue to pursue further improvements in the performance of our existing operations in order to maximize the potential for organic growth.

Our priorities in this regard include:

- Pursuing sub-regional efficiencies, especially in the area of local programming between Slovenia and Croatia and between the Czech and Slovak Republics;
- Supporting the growth of television advertising in our markets through increased development and through the launch or acquisition of additional channels to expand our advertising inventory and target niche audiences;
- Leveraging our existing brands and assets to develop new revenue opportunities, including in the creation and distribution of programming and in the new media sectors; and
- Continuing to expand our footprint into additional Central and Eastern European markets when financially prudent opportunities arise.

In particular, we are planning the following during 2007:

- Continuing to improve the effectiveness of our operations in the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic.
- Continuing the development of our new Ukraine channels KINO and CITI which were launched in 2006.
- Further development of our non-broadcast activities, particularly in new media, which is being coordinated across our markets.
- Acquisition of additional shares in our operations in Romania, the Slovak Republic and Ukraine if the opportunity arises; and
- Continuing to invest in the development of our Croatia operations.

### ***III. Analysis of Segment Results***

#### **OVERVIEW**

We manage our business on a geographic basis and review the performance of each business segment using data that reflects 100% of operating and license company results. We also consider how much of our total revenues and earnings are derived from our broadcast and non-broadcast operations. Our business segments are comprised of Croatia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia and our two businesses in Ukraine.

We evaluate the performance of our business segments based on Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA. Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA include our operations in the Slovak Republic which were not consolidated prior to January 23, 2006.

Our key performance measure of the efficiency of our business segments is EBITDA margin. We define Segment EBITDA margin as the ratio of Segment EBITDA to Segment Net Revenues.

Segment EBITDA is determined as segment net income/loss, which includes program rights amortization costs, before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets. Items that are not allocated to our segments for purposes of evaluating their performance, and therefore are not included in Segment EBITDA, include:

- expenses presented as corporate operating costs in our condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income;
- stock-based compensation charges;
- foreign currency exchange gains and losses;
- change in fair value of derivatives; and
- certain unusual or infrequent items (e.g., extraordinary gains and losses, impairments of assets or investments).

EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. Non-GAAP measures should be evaluated in conjunction with, and are not a substitute for, US GAAP financial measures.

We believe Segment EBITDA is useful to investors because it provides a more meaningful representation of our performance as it excludes certain items that either do not impact our cash flows or the operating results of our stations. Segment EBITDA is also used as a component in determining management bonuses.

For a full reconciliation of our Segment Net Revenues and Segment EBITDA by operation to our consolidated results for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 see Part I, Item 1, Note 16.

A summary of our total Segment Net Revenues, Segment EBITDA and Segment EBITDA margin showing the relative contribution of each Segment, is as follows:

**SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION**  
**For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)**

	<u>2007</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>(1)</u>
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>				
Croatia (NOVA TV)	\$ 7,232	5%	\$ 3,810	3%
Czech Republic (TV NOVA, GALAXIE SPORT)	51,519	34%	40,549	34%
Romania (2)	39,342	27%	29,871	25%
Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV) (3)	18,677	13%	11,206	9%
Slovenia (POP TV and KANAL A)	12,669	9%	10,227	8%
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	18,075	12%	25,478	21%
Ukraine (KINO, CITI) (4)	398	-	374	-
<b>Total Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 121,515</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>				
Broadcast operations	\$ 147,422	100%	\$ 121,073	100%
Non-broadcast operations	490	-	442	-
<b>Total Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 121,515</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>				
Croatia (NOVA TV)	\$ (4,652)	(12)%	\$ (4,442)	(13)%
Czech Republic (TV NOVA)	25,667	65%	12,826	39%
Romania (2)	15,136	38%	11,613	35%
Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV) (3)	5,756	14%	(977)	(3)%
Slovenia (POP TV and KANAL A)	3,001	7%	3,033	9%
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	(2,370)	(6)%	10,988	33%
Ukraine (KINO, CITI) (4)	(2,417)	(6)%	(126)	-
<b>Total Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 40,121</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 32,915</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>				
Broadcast operations	\$ 40,714	101%	\$ 32,947	100%
Non-broadcast operations	(593)	(1)%	(32)	-
<b>Total Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 40,121</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 32,915</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin (5)</b>	<b>27%</b>		<b>27%</b>	

- (1) Percentage of Total Segment Net Revenues and Total Segment EBITDA.  
(2) Romania networks are PRO TV, PRO CINEMA, ACASA, PRO TV INTERNATIONAL and Sport.ro.  
(3) Our Slovak Republic operations were accounted for as an equity affiliate until January 23, 2006.  
(4) We acquired our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations on January 11, 2006.  
(5) We define Segment EBITDA margin as the ratio of Segment EBITDA to Segment Net Revenues.

## ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHIC SEGMENT

In the countries in which we operate, advertisers tend to allocate their television advertising budgets among channels based on each channel's audience share, audience demographic profile and pricing policy. We generally offer two different bases of pricing to our advertising customers. The first basis is cost per gross rating point (which we refer to as "GRP"). A GRP represents the percentage of audience (from the population over the age of four) reached by a television advertisement and the number of GRPs achieved for a defined time period is the product of the proportion of that total viewing population watching that television advertisement and the frequency that it is viewed (as measured by international measurement agencies using peplemeters). The second basis is rate-card, which reflects the timing and duration of an advertisement. Whether advertising is sold on a GRP basis or a rate-card basis depends on the dynamics of a particular market and our relative audience share.

*Cost per GRP pricing:* Advertising priced on a cost per GRP basis allows an advertiser to specify the number of gross ratings points that it wants to achieve with an advertisement within a defined period of time. We schedule the timing of the airing of the advertisements during such defined period of time in a manner that enables us both to meet the advertiser's GRP target and to maximize the use and profitability of our available advertising programming time. The price per GRP package varies depending on the demographic group that the advertisement is targeting, the flexibility given to us by advertisers in scheduling their advertisements and the rebates offered by us to advertising agencies and their clients. GRP package sales generally allow for better inventory control than rate-card pricing and optimize the net price per GRP achieved.

*Rate-card pricing:* Advertising priced on a rate-card basis is applied to advertisements scheduled at a specific time. Consistent with industry practice, we provide an incentive rebate on rate-card prices to a number of advertising agencies and their clients. We recognize our advertising revenue at the time the relevant advertisement is broadcast net of rebates.

The majority of our advertising customers commit to annual minimum spending levels. We usually schedule specific advertisements one month in advance of broadcasting them. Prices paid by advertisers, whether they purchase advertising time on a GRP package or rate-card basis, tend to be higher during peak viewing months, particularly during the fourth quarter, than during off-peak months such as July and August.

When describing relative performance against other competitors in attracting audience we refer to ratings share, which represents the number of people watching a channel as a proportion of the total population, and audience share, which represents the share attracted by a channel of the total audience watching television.

Our goal is to increase revenues from advertising in local currency year-on-year in every market through disciplined management of our advertising inventory. In any given period, revenue increases can be attributable to combinations of price increases, higher inventory sales, seasonal or time-of-day incentives, target-audience delivery of specific campaigns, introductory pricing for new clients or audience movements based on our competitors' program schedule.

For the purposes of our management discussion and analysis, total television advertising revenue net of rebates is referred to as "spot revenues". Non-spot revenues refers to all other revenues, including those from sponsorship, game shows, program sales, text messaging, cable subscriptions and barter transactions. The total of spot revenues and non-spot revenues is equal to Segment Net Revenues.

### (A) CROATIA

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market in Croatia experienced local currency growth of approximately 2% - 5% in 2006 and expect it to show single digit growth during 2007.

In the three months ended March 31, 2007, national all day audience share for NOVA TV (Croatia) grew to 17.7% compared to 13.7% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. The major competitors are the two state-owned channels HRT1 and HRT2, with national all day audience shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007 of 28.7% and 18.2%, respectively, and privately owned broadcaster RTL with 26.1%.

Prime time audience share for NOVA TV (Croatia), which is our principal focus, grew from 16.0% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 19.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2007. Our average prime time ratings increased from 7.6% to 8.4% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 50.0% in the three months ended March 31, 2006, when viewership increased during the Winter Olympics, to 42.7% in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

**Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006**

	<b>CROATIA SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>		
	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Spot revenues	\$ 5,020	\$ 3,053	\$ 1,967
Non-spot revenues	2,212	757	1,455
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 7,232</b>	<b>\$ 3,810</b>	<b>\$ 3,422</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 7,227	\$ 3,810	\$ 3,417
Non-broadcast operations	5	-	5
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 7,232</b>	<b>\$ 3,810</b>	<b>\$ 3,422</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (4,652)</b>	<b>\$ (4,442)</b>	<b>\$ (210)</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ (4,623)	\$ (4,442)	\$ (181)
Non-broadcast operations	(29)	-	(29)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (4,652)</b>	<b>\$ (4,442)</b>	<b>\$ (210)</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>(64)%</b>	<b>(117)%</b>	<b>53 %</b>

- **Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 3.4 million, or 90%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. In local currency, Segment Net Revenues increased by 73%. Spot revenues increased by US\$ 2.0 million, or 64%, as a result of a significant increase in the volume of GRPs sold, particularly in prime time, augmented by increased prices. Non-spot revenues increased by US\$ 1.5 million, or 192%, as a result of increased levels of sponsorship.

- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was a loss of US\$ 4.7 million compared to a loss of US\$ 4.4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2006.

Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 3.6 million, or 44%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming increased by US\$ 3.8 million, or 92%, due to increased investment in local productions. Other operating costs decreased by US\$ 0.4 million, or 14%, primarily due to lower salary and wage costs, partially offset by higher transmission costs as a result of increased transmitter coverage. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.2 million, or 12%.

**(B) CZECH REPUBLIC**

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market in the Czech Republic remained stable in local currency during 2006. We expect the television advertising market to show high single digit growth in 2007.

The national all day audience share of our channel, TV NOVA (Czech Republic), for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was 40.8% compared to 42.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The major competitors are the two state-owned channels CT1 and CT2, with national all day audience shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007 of 22.6% and 8.2% respectively, and privately owned broadcaster TV Prima with a national all day audience share of 20.0%.

Prime time audience share grew from 43.0% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 45.2% in the three months ended March 31, 2007. Our average prime time ratings decreased from 18.7% to 18.3% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 43.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 40.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2007, reflecting the relatively mild weather enjoyed by much of Europe in 2007.

During the first quarter of 2006, we announced a new advertising sales strategy based on our belief that growth in the television advertising market in the Czech Republic has been impeded over the past several years due to broadcasters focusing on obtaining an increased share of revenues committed to television advertising rather than fostering market growth by focusing on maximizing value received from the sale of GRPs. The focus of the TV Nova (Czech Republic) group is now on the development of advertising revenues over the medium term by supporting and then capturing market growth through a more sophisticated pricing policy. In conjunction with this advertising strategy, the TV Nova (Czech Republic) group initiated a series of measures to reduce the costs of its operations, including the cancellation of poorly performing formats and reductions in operational costs. Our results in the first quarter of 2007 reflect the success of these initiatives to date.

**Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006**

	CZECH REPUBLIC SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Spot revenues	\$ 46,664	\$ 33,443	\$ 13,221
Non-spot revenues	4,855	7,106	(2,251)
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 51,519</b>	<b>\$ 40,549</b>	<b>\$ 10,970</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 51,480	\$ 40,402	\$ 11,078
Non-broadcast operations	39	147	(108)
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 51,519</b>	<b>\$ 40,549</b>	<b>\$ 10,970</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 25,667</b>	<b>\$ 12,826</b>	<b>\$ 12,841</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 25,937	\$ 12,856	\$ 13,081
Non-broadcast operations	(270)	(30)	(240)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 25,667</b>	<b>\$ 12,826</b>	<b>\$ 12,841</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>18 %</b>

- **Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 11.0 million, or 27%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. In local currency, Segment Net Revenues increased by 14%. Spot revenues increased by \$13.2 million, or 40%, primarily due to an increase in the volume of GRPs sold, particularly in off-prime time, as well as increased average revenue per rating point sold. Non-spot revenue decreased by US\$ 2.3 million, or 32%, primarily due to a reduction in the number of shows generating voting revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to those programs broadcast in the three months ended March 31, 2006.
- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 12.8 million, or 100%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, resulting in an EBITDA margin of 50% compared to 32% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 1.9 million, or 7%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming decreased by US\$ 2.2 million, or 14%, due to better cost control in production and the cancellation of several expensive one-off programs broadcast during the three months ended March 31, 2006 as part of TV Nova's operational restructuring. Other operating costs increased by US\$ 1.0 million, or 16%, primarily due to exchange rate movements. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by US\$ 0.7 million, or 10%, primarily due to reductions in marketing and research costs.

#### (C) ROMANIA

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market grew by approximately 32% - 37% in US dollars during 2006. We expect the television advertising market to show continued growth in the range of 20% to 25% in 2007.

The combined national all day audience share of our three existing channels (PRO TV, ACASA and PRO CINEMA) for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was 22.7% compared to 25.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2006. On March 1, 2007 we were granted the license to broadcast TV SPORT, which had an all day audience share of 1.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2007. In April we rebranded TV SPORT as Sport.ro, while retaining the same focus and target demographic. The major competitors are the two state-owned channels TVR1 and TVR2, with national all day audience shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007 of 14.5% and 4.8%, respectively, and privately owned broadcaster Antena 1 with 13.5%.

Prime time audience share for our three existing channels decreased from 28.6% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 24.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2007. ACASA suffered a decline in share, as the popularity of our successful telenovellas has diminished following the decision by other competing stations to produce similar programs, while our other channels both enjoyed increases in share. Our average prime time ratings decreased from 13.6% to 10.6% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 47.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 43.8% in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006

	ROMANIA SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Spot revenues	\$ 36,535	\$ 28,135	\$ 8,400
Non-spot revenues	2,807	1,736	1,071
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 39,342</b>	<b>\$ 29,871</b>	<b>\$ 9,471</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 39,342	\$ 29,871	\$ 9,471
Non-broadcast operations	-	-	-
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 39,342</b>	<b>\$ 29,871</b>	<b>\$ 9,471</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 15,136</b>	<b>\$ 11,613</b>	<b>\$ 3,523</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 15,274	\$ 11,613	\$ 3,661
Non-broadcast operations	(138)	-	(138)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 15,136</b>	<b>\$ 11,613</b>	<b>\$ 3,523</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>38%</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>(1)%</b>

- Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 9.5 million, or 32%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Spot revenues increased by US\$ 8.4 million, or 30%, driven primarily by increases in the average revenue per rating point sold in each of our three existing channels, which more than offset a slight decline in the volume of GRPs sold. Non-spot revenues increased by US\$ 1.1 million, or 62%, primarily due to increased cable tariff revenue. The acquisition of TV Sport added approximately US\$ 0.4 million to our revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007.
- Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 3.5 million, or 30%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, with an EBITDA margin of 38% compared to 39% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 5.9 million, or 33%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming grew by US\$ 5.8 million, or 50%, due partially to the inclusion of the salary-related costs of production staff within cost of programming rather than operating costs; excluding the impact of this change in classification, cost of programming increased by US\$ 4.0 million, or 34%, as a result of increased market competition and investment in quality programming. Other operating costs decreased by US\$ 0.1 million, or 2%, after the difference in classification described above; excluding the impact of this change in classification, other operating costs increased by US\$ 1.7 million, or 38%, primarily due to increased staffing costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.2 million, or 13%, primarily due to increased office running costs. The acquisition of TV Sport did not have a significant impact on our Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

## D) SLOVAK REPUBLIC

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market in the Slovak Republic experienced local currency growth of approximately 5% - 7% in 2006. We expect the television advertising market will show high single digit growth in 2007.

MARKIZA TV is the leading channel in the Slovak Republic. National all day audience share for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was 34.1% compared to 31.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The major competitor is the state-owned channel STV1, with a national all day audience share of 17.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The national all day audience share of TV JOJ, the only other significant privately owned channel, was 16.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Our prime time audience share increased from 33.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 38.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2007 primarily due to a series of strong programs. Our average prime time ratings increased from 14.6% to 15.9% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 43.8% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 41.6% in the three months ended March 31, 2007, reflecting the impact of the Winter Olympics on viewing habits in the three months ended March 31, 2006.

### Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006

<b>SLOVAK REPUBLIC SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>			
<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>			
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Spot revenues	\$ 18,075	\$ 10,314	\$ 7,761
Non-spot revenues	602	892	(290)
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 18,677</b>	<b>\$ 11,206</b>	<b>\$ 7,471</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 18,662	\$ 11,206	\$ 7,456
Non-broadcast operations	15	-	15
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 18,677</b>	<b>\$ 11,206</b>	<b>\$ 7,471</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 5,756</b>	<b>\$ (977)</b>	<b>\$ 6,733</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 5,859	\$ (951)	\$ 6,810
Non-broadcast operations	(103)	(26)	(77)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 5,756</b>	<b>\$ (977)</b>	<b>\$ 6,733</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>(9)%</b>	<b>40 %</b>

**Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 7.5 million, or 67%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. In local currency, Segment Net Revenues increased by 61%. The increase in Segment Net Revenues was due to an increase of US\$ 7.8 million, or 75%, in spot revenues partially offset by a decline of US\$ 0.3 million, or 33%, in non-spot revenues. The increase in spot revenues is mainly due to increases in the average revenue per rating point sold, particularly in prime time, as well as an increase in the volume of advertising spots sold. Our advertising revenues benefited from the launch of a new mobile phone operator during the three months ended March 31, 2007, as well as increased spending from existing customers, particularly in the pharmaceutical sector. Segment Net Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2006 included approximately US\$ 1.8 million in respect of the period prior to acquisition on January 23, 2006 when Markiza was accounted for as an equity affiliate.

- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 6.7 million, or 689%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, resulting in an EBITDA margin of 31% compared to (9)% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 0.7 million, or 6%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming decreased by US\$ 0.4 million, or 6%; the amount charged in the three months ended March 31, 2006 included a charge of US\$ 0.7 million to write off an unsuccessful show. Other operating costs increased by US\$ 0.6 million, or 16%, primarily due to increased staff costs of US\$ 0.4 million and increased broadcast and operating expenses of US\$ 0.2 million. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.5 million, or 36%, primarily due to increased office running costs and increased marketing and research costs. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2006 included US\$ 1.7 million of programming costs, US\$ 0.9 million of other operating costs and US\$ 0.4 million of selling, general and administrative expenses in respect of the period prior to acquisition on January 23, 2006.

**(E) SLOVENIA**

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market in Slovenia experienced local currency growth of approximately 6% - 8% in 2006. We expect the television advertising market to show low single digit growth in 2007.

The combined national all day audience share of our two channels increased from 36.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 37.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The major competitors are state-owned channels SLO1 and SLO2, with national all day audience shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007 of 22.7% and 10.6%, respectively.

Our prime time audience share decreased from 44.7% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 43.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2007, with an increased share in KANAL A, partially offsetting a decreased share in POP TV. Our average prime time ratings decreased from 16.4% to 15.7% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 36.5% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 36.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

On January 1, 2007 Slovenia adopted the Euro and we adopted the Euro as the functional currency of our Slovenia operations in place of the Slovenian Tolar.

Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006

	SLOVENIA SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Spot revenues	\$ 11,325	\$ 9,741	\$ 1,584
Non-spot revenues	1,344	486	858
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 12,669</b>	<b>\$ 10,227</b>	<b>\$ 2,442</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 12,238	\$ 9,932	\$ 2,306
Non-broadcast operations	431	295	136
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 12,669</b>	<b>\$ 10,227</b>	<b>\$ 2,442</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 3,001</b>	<b>\$ 3,033</b>	<b>\$ (32)</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 3,022	\$ 3,009	\$ 13
Non-broadcast operations	(21)	24	(45)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 3,001</b>	<b>\$ 3,033</b>	<b>\$ (32)</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>(6)%</b>

- **Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 2.4 million, or 24%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Spot revenues increased by US\$ 1.6 million, or 16%, as our operations benefited from an increase in the average revenue per thirty-second advertising spot, particularly in prime time, which more than offset a decline in the volume of GRPs sold. Non-spot revenues increased by US\$ 0.9 million, or 177%, due to an increased level of sponsorship and an increase in non-broadcast advertising revenue.
- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was in line with the three months ended March 31, 2006, resulting in an EBITDA margin of 24% compared to 30% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 2.5 million, or 34%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming grew by US\$ 2.3 million, or 75%, due to increased investment in programming in a more competitive market environment. Other operating costs decreased by US\$ 0.3 million, or 10%, primarily due to lower salary and freelance costs, partially offset by higher transmitter and associated maintenance costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.5 million, or 41%, primarily due to higher marketing and promotion costs.

(F) UKRAINE (STUDIO 1+1)

**Market Background:** We estimate that the television advertising market in Ukraine, where sales are denominated primarily in US dollars, experienced growth of approximately 28% - 31% in 2006. It is expected that the television advertising market will grow between 30% and 35% during 2007.

STUDIO 1+1 had a national all day audience share of 16.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to 18.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2006. Our competitors include: Inter, with a national all day audience share of 18.8%, Novy Kanal with 8.0%, ICTV with 7.0% and STB with 7.8%.

Our prime time audience share decreased from 23.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 18.8% in the three months ended March 31, 2007, at a time when most major channels experienced a similar decline in share to new niche channels. Our share in the three months ended March 31, 2006 reflected the outstanding success of a show called Ugly Betty. Our average prime time ratings decreased from 9.5% to 7.2% over comparable periods, while prime time ratings for the whole market decreased from 41.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2006 to 38.6% in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

**Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006**

<b>UKRAINE (STUDIO 1+1) SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>			
<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>			
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Spot revenues	\$ 14,821	\$ 22,887	\$ (8,066)
Non-spot revenues	3,254	2,591	663
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 18,075</b>	<b>\$ 25,478</b>	<b>\$ (7,403)</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 18,075	\$ 25,478	\$ (7,403)
Non-broadcast operations	-	-	-
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 18,075</b>	<b>\$ 25,478</b>	<b>\$ (7,403)</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (2,370)</b>	<b>\$ 10,988</b>	<b>\$ (13,358)</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ (2,338)	\$ 10,988	\$ (13,326)
Non-broadcast operations	(32)	-	(32)
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (2,370)</b>	<b>\$ 10,988</b>	<b>\$ (13,358)</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>(13)%</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>(56)%</b>

Segment Net Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 7.4 million, or 29%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Spot revenues decreased by US\$ 8.1 million, or 35%. There was an increase in the volume of GRPs sold in the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. This was offset by a decrease in the average revenue per thirty-second advertising. Non-spot revenues increased by US\$ 0.7 million, or 26%, primarily due to the sale of surplus programming and increased gameshow and short message service ("SMS") revenues.

Sales phasing was unusual in 2006. In the three months ended March 31, 2006 we benefited from US\$ 8.4 million of political advertising revenue ahead of the parliamentary elections in March 2006 as well as the extraordinary ratings success of the Russian series Ugly Betty. The advertising market in the three months ended March 31, 2007 has been slow due to the ongoing disagreements between the Ukrainian President and Prime Minister that resulted in the dissolution of parliament. Advertisers have been cautious in applying their budgets, leading all broadcasters to reduce prices in an attempt to maintain revenues. Despite our relatively weak financial results for the quarter, we have maintained our position as the highest rated channel among our target demographic group of 18 – 49; and our prime time series Kadets was the highest rated prime time series in that group. While our major clients have purchased less advertising in the three months ended March 31, 2007 than we had anticipated, our sales house Video International has reported that they have not reduced their annual budgets. Our present view is that although the Ukrainian television advertising market may remain uncertain for a period, we believe that it will grow this year in line with our expectations, subject to stabilization of the political situation.

- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 13.4 million, or 122%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, resulting in an EBITDA margin of (13)% compared to 43% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 6.0 million, or 41%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming grew by US\$ 5.3 million, or 63%, due to price inflation for Russian programming, which is essential to maintaining strong ratings, as well as improvements to our programming schedule. Other operating costs increased by US\$ 0.5 million, or 14%, due to increased broadcast operating expenses and increased salary costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.1 million, or 6%.

**(G) UKRAINE (KINO, CITI)**

On January 11, 2006, we acquired a 65.5% interest in Ukrpromtorg 2003 LLC, owner of 92.2% of Gravis LLC, which operated the local channels, CHANNEL 35 and CHANNEL 7. In July 2006, we ceased operating CHANNEL 7 and launched a new entertainment channel, KINO, targeted at a younger demographic. On December 1, 2006, we ceased operating CHANNEL 35 and launched a new youth-oriented channel, CITI, with a Kiev-wide reach.

KINO and CITI, both of which target a youthful market have as their main competitors ICTV, TONIS and NTN. As at March 31, 2007, KINO had a technical reach of approximately 46.7% of the Ukraine population and in the three months ended March 31, 2007 achieved an average share in the Kiev region of 2.4%. CITI had a technical reach of approximately 87.5% of the population of the city of Kiev and the Kiev region. CITI began broadcasting in December 2006 and in the three months ended March 31, 2007 achieved a 4+ prime time audience share of 2.1% in the Kiev region.

**Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to three months ended March 31, 2006**

	<b>UKRAINE (KINO, CITI) SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>		
	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006(1)</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Spot revenues	\$ 143	\$ 215	\$ (72 )
Non-spot revenues	255	159	96
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 398</b>	<b>\$ 374</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ 398	\$ 374	\$ 24
Non-broadcast operations	-	-	-
<b>Segment Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 398</b>	<b>\$ 374</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (2,417)</b>	<b>\$ (126)</b>	<b>\$ (2,291)</b>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Broadcast operations	\$ (2,417)	\$ (126)	\$ (2,291)
Non-broadcast operations	-	-	-
<b>Segment EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ (2,417)</b>	<b>\$ (126)</b>	<b>\$ (2,291)</b>
<b>Segment EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>(607)%</b>	<b>(34)%</b>	<b>(573)%</b>

(1) From acquisition on January 11, 2006 only

- **Segment Net Revenues** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 were in line with the three months ended March 31, 2006. Spot revenues decreased by US\$ 0.1 million, or 33%, primarily due to the level of political advertising aired in 2006 ahead of the parliamentary elections on March 26, 2006. Non-spot revenues increased by US\$ 0.1 million, or 60%, primarily due to increased program sponsorship.
- **Segment EBITDA** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 2.3 million, or 1,818%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, resulting in an EBITDA margin of (607)% compared to (34)% in the three months ended March 31, 2006. Costs charged in arriving at Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 2.3 million, or 462%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Cost of programming grew by US\$ 1.7 million, or 3162%. Other operating costs increased by US\$ 0.4 million, or 165%. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by US\$ 0.2 million, or 107%.

#### PROGRAMMING PAYMENTS AND PROGRAM AMORTIZATION

Our consolidated cost of programming for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)	
	2007	2006
Production expenses	\$ 27,558	\$ 22,975
Program amortization	38,795	25,443
<b>Cost of programming</b>	<b>\$ 66,353</b>	<b>\$ 48,418</b>

Production expenses represent the cost of in-house productions as well as locally commissioned programming, such as news, current affairs and game shows. The cost of broadcasting all other purchased programming is recorded as program amortization.

Total consolidated programming costs (including amortization of programming rights and production costs) increased by US\$ 17.9 million, or 37%, in the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 primarily due to:

- US\$ 5.8 million of additional programming costs from our Romania operations;
- US\$ 5.3 million of additional programming costs from our Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1) operations;
- US\$ 3.8 million of additional programming costs from our Croatia operations;
- US\$ 2.3 million of additional programming costs from our Slovenia operations;
- US\$ 1.7 million of additional programming costs from our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations;
- US\$ 1.2 million of additional programming costs from our Slovak Republic operations, which have been consolidated for the entire three-month period in 2007. Programming costs incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2006, including the pre-acquisition period prior to January 23, 2006, were US\$ 1.7 million; and,
- US\$ 2.2 million of reduced programming costs from our Czech Republic operations.

The amortization of acquired programming for each of our consolidated operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, including our operations in the Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV) for the period prior to January 23, 2006 when they were accounted for as an equity affiliate is set out in the table below. For comparison, the table also shows the cash paid for programming by each of our operations in the respective periods. The cash paid for programming by our operations in Croatia, the Czech Republic, Romania, Slovenia, Ukraine and the Slovak Republic (for the period from January 23, 2006) is reflected within net cash provided by continuing operating activities in our consolidated statement of cash flows.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)	
	2007	2006
	2007	2006
Program amortization:		
Croatia (NOVA TV)	\$ 5,399	\$ 3,418
Czech Republic (TV NOVA)	6,556	7,383
Romania (PRO TV, ACASA, PRO CINEMA, PRO TV INTERNATIONAL and Sport.ro)	9,429	6,716
Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV) (post-acquisition)	3,207	436
Slovenia (POP TV and KANAL A)	2,196	1,417
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	10,927	6,046
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	1,081	27
	<b>\$ 38,795</b>	<b>\$ 25,443</b>
Cash paid for programming:		
Croatia (NOVA TV)	\$ 905	\$ 4,366
Czech Republic (TV NOVA)	6,579	11,936
Romania (PRO TV, ACASA, PRO CINEMA, PRO TV INTERNATIONAL)	10,046	6,606
Slovenia (POP TV and KANAL A)	2,172	1,819
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	10,484	7,972
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	742	115
	<b>\$ 30,928</b>	<b>\$ 32,814</b>
Slovak Republic (MARKIZA TV)	3,699	3,279
	<b>\$ 34,627</b>	<b>\$ 36,093</b>

#### IV. Analysis of the Results of Consolidated Operations

##### IV (a) Net Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006

	Consolidated Net Revenues		
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Croatia	\$ 7,232	\$ 3,810	\$ 3,422
Czech Republic	51,519	40,549	10,970
Romania	39,342	29,871	9,471
Slovak Republic	18,677	9,445	9,232
Slovenia	12,669	10,227	2,442
Ukraine (Studio 1+1)	18,075	25,478	(7,403)
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	398	374	24
<b>Total Consolidated Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 147,912</b>	<b>\$ 119,754</b>	<b>\$ 28,158</b>

Our consolidated net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 28.2 million, or 24%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. See discussion in Item 2, III. "Analysis of Segment Results".

**IV (b) Cost of Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006**

	<b>Consolidated Cost of Revenues</b>		
	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Operating costs	\$ 25,657	\$ 22,972	\$ 2,685
Cost of programming	66,353	48,418	17,935
Depreciation of station property, plant and equipment	6,899	5,702	1,197
Amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles	5,162	4,332	830
<b>Total Consolidated Cost of Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 104,071</b>	<b>\$ 81,424</b>	<b>\$ 22,647</b>

Total cost of revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 22.6 million, or 28%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006.

**Operating costs:** Total consolidated operating costs (excluding programming costs, depreciation of station property, plant and equipment, amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles as well as station selling, general and administrative expenses) for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 2.7 million, or 12%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. See discussion in Item 2, III. "Analysis of Segment Results".

**Cost of programming:** Consolidated programming costs (including amortization of programming rights and production costs) for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 17.9 million, or 37%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. See discussion in Item 2, III. "Analysis of Segment Results".

**Depreciation of property, plant and equipment:** Total consolidated depreciation of property, plant and equipment for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 1.2 million, or 21%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 primarily due to depreciation of newly acquired production equipment assets across each of our operations.

**Amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles:** Total consolidated amortization of broadcast licenses and other intangibles for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 0.8 million, or 19%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 primarily due to the amortization of the broadcast licenses and customer relationships of our Slovak Republic operations that were acquired on January 23, 2006 for a full three-month period rather than for the period from acquisition in the prior year.

**IV (c) Station Selling, General and Administrative Expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006**

	<b>Consolidated Station Selling, General and Administrative Expenses</b>		
	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Croatia	\$ 1,726	\$ 1,542	\$ 184
Czech Republic	5,093	5,682	(589)
Romania	2,425	2,164	261
Slovak Republic	1,939	1,020	919
Slovenia	1,704	1,213	491
Ukraine (Studio 1+1)	2,467	2,324	143
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	427	221	206
<b>Total Consolidated Station Selling, General and Administrative Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 15,781</b>	<b>\$ 14,166</b>	<b>\$ 1,615</b>

Consolidated station selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 1.6 million, or 11%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. See discussion in Item 2, III. "Analysis of Segment Results".

**IV (d) Corporate Operating Costs for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006**

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Corporate operating costs (excluding non-cash stock-based compensation)	\$ 13,511	\$ 7,293	\$ 6,218
Non-cash stock-based compensation	1,262	688	574
<b>Corporate Operating Costs (including non-cash stock-based compensation)</b>	<b>\$ 14,773</b>	<b>\$ 7,981</b>	<b>\$ 6,792</b>

Corporate operating costs (excluding non-cash stock-based compensation) for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 6.2 million, or 85%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, primarily due to:

- A charge of EUR 4.5 million (approximately US\$ 6.0 million) in respect of the estimated cost of settlement of our Croatia litigation (see Item 1, Note 18);
- Increased staff related costs; and
- Increased business development expenses incurred in researching potential acquisition targets.
- Included within corporate operating costs is a lease-exit charge of approximately US\$ 1.6 million (including additional depreciation of US\$ 0.3 million) incurred following relocation of our London office during the first quarter of 2006.

The increase in the charge for non-cash stock-based compensation for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 reflects an increase in the number of stock options granted in 2006 compared to prior years as well as an increase in the fair value of stock options as our stock price increased in recent years. For more details, see Item 1, Note 14.

IV (e) Operating Income for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Operating Income	\$ 13,287	\$ 16,183	\$ 2,896

Operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 2.9 million, or 18%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006. Operating margin was 9% compared to 13% for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

IV (f) Other income / (expense) items for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)		
	2007	2006	Movement
Interest income	\$ 1,414	\$ 1,453	\$ (39)
Interest expense	(11,396)	(10,518)	(878)
Foreign currency exchange loss, net	(3,136)	(10,862)	7,726
Change in fair value of derivatives	4,524	-	4,524
Other expense	(244)	(548)	304
Provision for income taxes	(5,059)	(3,994)	(1,065)
Minority interest in loss / (income) of consolidated subsidiaries	360	(5,441)	5,801
Equity in income / (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates	-	(730)	730
Discontinued operations	-	(3,807)	3,807

**Interest income** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was in line with that recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2006.

**Interest expense** for the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased by US\$ 0.9 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006, primarily as a result of an increase in interest rates.

**Foreign currency exchange loss, net:** For the three months ended March 31, 2007 we recognized a US\$ 3.1 million loss primarily as a result of the strengthening of the Euro against the dollar during the three-month period. Our fixed and floating rate Senior Notes are denominated in Euros, and we incurred a transaction loss of approximately US\$ 5.5 million due to movements in the spot rate between December 31, 2006 and March 31, 2007. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, we recognized a transaction loss of US\$ 10.9 million.

**Change in fair value of derivatives:** For the three months ended March 31, 2007 we recognized a US\$ 4.5 million gain as a result of the change in the fair value of the currency swaps entered into on April 27, 2006. For further information, see Item 1, Note 12.

**Other expense:** For the three months ended March 31, 2007 we incurred other expenses of US\$ 0.2 million compared to US\$ 0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

**Provision for income taxes:** The provision for income taxes was US\$ 5.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to US\$ 4.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. Our stations pay income taxes at rates ranging from 16.0% in Romania to 25.0% in Ukraine.

**Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries:** For the three months ended March 31, 2007, we recognized a gain of US\$ 0.4 million in respect of the minority interest in the income of consolidated subsidiaries, compared to a charge of US\$ 5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. This movement primarily reflects the fact that our Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1) operations reported a net loss in the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to a significant net profit in the three months ended March 31, 2006 as a result of the level of political advertising ahead of the March 2006 Parliamentary elections.

**Equity in income / (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates:** Some of our broadcasting licenses were held by unconsolidated affiliates over which we had minority blocking rights but not majority control. These affiliates were accounted for using the equity method.

Equity in income / (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates for the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased by US\$ 0.7 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 as detailed below:

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Markiza (Slovak Republic)	\$ -	\$ (737)	\$ 737
Radio Pro (Romania)	-	7	(7)
<b>Equity in Income / (Loss) of Unconsolidated Affiliates</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (730)</b>	<b>\$ (730)</b>

**Discontinued operations:** The amounts charged to the condensed consolidated statement of operations in respect of discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006 are as follows:

	<b>For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)</b>		
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>Movement</b>
Tax on disposal of discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ (3,807)	\$ 3,807
<b>Discontinued operations</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (3,807)</b>	<b>\$ 3,807</b>

On June 19, 2003, our Board of Directors decided to withdraw from operations in the Czech Republic. On October 23, 2003, we sold our 93.2% interest in CNTS our former Czech Republic operating company, for US\$ 53.2 million.

The revenues and expenses of our former Czech Republic operations and the award income and related legal expenses have therefore all been treated as discontinued operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, the amounts charged to discontinued operations largely represented revised estimates of additional payments we expect to make to the Dutch tax authorities pursuant to the agreement we entered into on February 9, 2004 (see also Part I, Item 1, Note 17).

IV (e) Condensed consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2007 compared to December 31, 2006

**Summarized Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (US\$ 000's)**

	<u>March 31, 2007</u>	<u>December 31, 2006</u>	<u>Movement</u>
Current assets	\$ 424,715	\$ 413,616	\$ 11,099
Non-current assets	1,423,576	1,405,384	18,192
Current liabilities	213,728	182,961	30,767
Non-current liabilities	578,139	574,084	4,055
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	25,949	26,189	(240)
Shareholders' equity	\$ 1,030,475	\$ 1,035,766	\$ (5,291)

**Current assets:** Current assets at March 31, 2007 increased US\$ 11.1 million compared to December 31, 2006, primarily as a result of an increase in cash and cash equivalents and an increase in program rights.

**Non-current assets:** Non-current assets at March 31, 2007 increased US\$ 18.2 million compared to December 31, 2006, primarily as a result of increased investments in programming and the recognition of goodwill and other intangible assets following our acquisition of TV Sport.

**Current liabilities:** Current liabilities at March 31, 2007 increased US\$ 30.8 million compared to December 31, 2006, reflecting increases in deferred income, accrued interest and payroll taxes.

**Non-current liabilities:** Non-current liabilities at March 31, 2007 increased US\$ 4.1 million compared to December 31, 2006, after recognition of a liability of approximately US\$ 3.0 million following adoption of FIN 48. The remaining movement reflects a US\$ 5.5 million increase in the value of our Senior Notes as a result of the movement in the spot rate between December 31, 2006 and March 31, 2007, partially offset by a US\$ 4.5 million reduction in our liability on the revaluation of the currency swaps entered into in April 2006.

**Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries:** Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries at March 31, 2007 decreased US\$ 0.2 million compared to December 31, 2006, primarily as a result of reduced profitability of our Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1) operations.

**Shareholders' equity:** Total shareholders' equity at March 31, 2007 decreased US\$ 5.3 million compared to December 31, 2006, primarily as a result of the decrease in Other Comprehensive Income (US\$ 5.6 million), impact of the adoption of FIN 48 (US\$ 3.2 million), and the net loss of US\$ 0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007. Included in the total shareholders' equity were proceeds from the exercise of stock options (US\$ 2.0 million) and a stock-based compensation charge of US\$ 1.8 million.

## V. Liquidity and Capital Resources

### V (a) Summary of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents increased by US\$ 11.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2007. The change in cash and cash equivalents is summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, (US\$ 000's)	
	2007	2006
Net cash generated from continuing operating activities	\$ 31,913	\$ 31,693
Net cash used in continuing investing activities	(20,901)	(67,518)
Net cash received from financing activities	809	196,981
Net cash used in discontinued operations – operating activities	(1,624)	(1,690)
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 11,436</b>	<b>\$ 161,283</b>

#### Operating Activities

Cash generated from continuing operations in the three months ended March 31, 2007 increased from US\$ 31.7 million to US\$ 31.9 million, reflecting the level of cash generated by our Czech Republic, Romania, Slovak Republic and Slovenia operations, partially offset by negative cash flows of our Croatia and Ukraine operations.

#### Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2007 decreased from US\$ 67.5 million to US\$ 20.9 million. Our investing cash flows in the three months ended March 31, 2007 were primarily comprised of:

- Payments of EUR 6.7 million (approximately US\$ 8.4 million) in connection with our acquisition of TV Sport (for further information, see Part I, Item 1, Note 3);
- Payment of the final US\$ 0.2 million of deferred consideration due on our acquisition of a 65.5% stake in Ukrpromptorg; and
- Capital expenditure of US\$ 12.0 million.

#### Financing Activities

Net cash received from financing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2007 was US\$ 0.8 million compared to US\$ 197.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2006. The amount of cash received in the three months ended March 31, 2006 reflects proceeds of US\$ 168.6 million from the issuance of Class A Common Stock and a net amount of US\$ 28.0 million of cash received from credit facilities.

#### Discontinued Operations

In the three months ended March 31, 2007, we paid taxes of US\$ 1.6 million to the Dutch tax authorities pursuant to the agreement we entered into with them on February 9, 2004, compared to US\$ 1.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2006.

### V (b) Sources and Uses of Cash

We believe that our current cash resources are sufficient to allow us to continue operating for at least the next 12 months and we do not anticipate additional cash requirements in the near future, subject to the matters disclosed under “Contractual Obligations, Commitments and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements” and “Cash Outlook” below.

Our ongoing source of cash at the operating stations is primarily the receipt of payments from advertisers and advertising agencies. This may be supplemented from time to time by local borrowing. Surplus cash generated in this manner, after funding the ongoing station operations, may be remitted to us, or to other shareholders where appropriate. Surplus cash is remitted to us in the form of debt interest payments and capital repayments, dividends, and other distributions and loans from our subsidiaries.

Corporate law in the Central and Eastern European countries in which we operate stipulates generally that dividends may be declared by the partners or shareholders out of yearly profits subject to the maintenance of registered capital, required reserves and after the recovery of accumulated losses. Except as set forth below, our voting power is sufficient to compel the making of distributions.

In the case of Nova TV (Croatia), distributions may be paid from net profits subject to a reserve of 5% of annual profits until the aggregate reserves equal 5% of the registered capital of Nova TV (Croatia). In the case of CET 21, distributions may be paid from net profits subject to a reserve of 5% of net profits until the aggregate reserves equal 10% of the registered capital of CET 21. In the case of Pro TV, distributions may be paid from the profits of Pro TV subject to a reserve of 5% of annual profits until the aggregate reserves equal 20% of Pro TV's registered capital. A majority vote is required in order for Pro TV to make distributions and we have sufficient voting power to compel distributions of dividends. In the case of Markiza, distributions may be paid from net profits subject to an initial reserve requirement of 10% of net profits until the reserve fund equals 5% of registered capital. Subsequently, the reserve requirement is equal to 5% of net profits until the reserve fund equals 10% of registered capital. In the case of Pro Plus, distributions may be paid from the profits of Pro Plus, subject to a reserve equal to 10% of registered capital being established from accumulated profits. In the case of Studio 1+1, distributions may be paid from net profits subject to a reserve of 5% of net profits until the aggregate reserves equals 25% of the registered capital of Studio 1+1. We do not have a sufficient majority in Studio 1+1 to compel the distribution of dividends. In the case of Intermedia, Innova and IMS, distributions may be paid from their profits and there is no reserve requirement for these companies. Our voting power in Innova and IMS is sufficient to compel the distribution of dividends.

As at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 the operations had the following unsecured balances owing to their respective holding companies:

<b>Operating segment (US\$ 000's)</b>	<b>March 31, 2007</b>	<b>December 31, 2006</b>
Croatia	\$ 77,998	\$ 67,623
Czech Republic	418,446	434,897
Romania	39,053	25,620
Slovak Republic	24,069	23,670
Slovenia	-	-
Ukraine (STUDIO 1+1)	87	-
Ukraine (KINO, CITI)	9,368	4,621
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 569,021</b>	<b>\$ 556,431</b>

## V (c) Contractual Obligations, Commitments and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our future contractual obligations as of March 31, 2007 are as follows:

<u>Contractual Obligations</u>	<u>Payments due by period (US\$ 000's)</u>				
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>1-3 years</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>	<u>More than 5 years</u>
Long-Term Debt – principal	\$ 506,433	\$ 11,991	\$ 1,700	\$ -	\$ 492,742
Long-Term Debt – interest	231,268	42,473	84,862	84,556	19,377
Capital Lease Obligations	6,542	943	1,377	1,187	3,035
Operating Leases	6,643	3,218	2,473	952	-
Unconditional Purchase Obligations	103,170	95,240	7,784	-	146
Other Long-Term Obligations	18,023	15,459	2,564	-	-
<b>Total Contractual Obligations</b>	<b>\$ 872,079</b>	<b>\$ 169,324</b>	<b>\$ 100,760</b>	<b>\$ 86,695</b>	<b>\$ 515,300</b>

On April 11, 2007, the holders of the floating rate Senior Notes received notice of our intention to redeem all of these Senior Notes on May 15, 2007 (See Part I, Item 1, Note 5).

### *Long-Term Debt*

As at March 31, 2007 we had the following debt outstanding:

	<b>March 31, 2007</b>
	<b>(US\$ 000's)</b>
Corporate	(1)-(2) \$ 492,742
Croatia operations	(3) -
Czech Republic operations	(4)-(6) 11,892
Romania operations	(7) 94
Slovenia operations	(8) -
Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations	(9) 1,705
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 506,433</b>

- (1) In May 2005, we issued Senior Notes in the aggregate principal amount of EUR 370.0 million consisting of EUR 245.0 million of 8.25% Senior Notes due May 2012 and EUR 125.0 million of floating rate Senior Notes due May 2012, which bear interest at six-month Euro Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR") plus 5.50% (9.23% was applicable at March 31, 2007). Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on each May 15 and November 15.

The Senior Notes are secured senior obligations and rank pari passu with all existing and future senior indebtedness and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The amounts outstanding are guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of shares of these subsidiaries and an assignment of certain contractual rights. The terms of our indebtedness restrict the manner in which our business is conducted, including the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the making of investments, the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions, entering into certain affiliate transactions and the sale of assets.

In the event that (A) there is a change in control by which (i) any party other than our present shareholders becomes the beneficial owner of more than 35.0% of our total voting power; (ii) we agree to sell substantially all of our operating assets; or (iii) there is a change in the composition of a majority of our Board of Directors; and (B) on the 60th day following any such change of control the rating of the Senior Notes is either withdrawn or downgraded from the rating in effect prior to the announcement of such change of control, we can be required to repurchase the Senior Notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 101.0% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase.

At any time prior to May 15, 2008, we may redeem up to 35.0% of the fixed rate Senior Notes with the proceeds of any public equity offering at a price of 108.250% of the principal amount of such notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date. In addition, prior to May 15, 2009, we may redeem all or a part of the fixed rate Senior Notes at a redemption price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of such notes, plus a "make-whole" premium and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date.

On April 11, 2007 we issued a notice to redeem the floating rate Senior Notes on May 15, 2007.

As of March 31, 2007, Standard & Poor's senior unsecured debt rating for our Senior Notes remained unchanged from December 31, 2006 at B+, with a corporate credit rating of BB- / positive, up from BB- / stable at December 31, 2006. At March 31, 2007, Moody's Investors Service's rating of both our corporate credit rating and our Senior Notes due 2012 was Ba3 stable.

- (2) On July 21, 2006, we entered into a five-year revolving loan agreement for EUR 100.0 million (approximately US\$ 133.2 million) arranged by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (the "Loan"). ING Bank N.V. ("ING") and Ceska Sporitelna, a.s. ("CS") are participating in the facility for up to EUR 50.0 million in aggregate.

The Loan bears interest at a rate of three-month EURIBOR plus 2.75% on the drawn amount. The available amount of the Loan amortizes by 7.5% every six months from May 2008 to November 2009, then by 15% in May 2010 and November 2010, and by 40% in May 2011. There were no drawings under this facility as at March 31, 2007, however the entire EUR 100.0 million was drawn on April 18, 2007.

Covenants contained in the Loan are in line with those contained in our Senior Notes. In addition, the Loan's covenants restrict us from making principal repayments on other debt of greater than US\$ 20.0 million per year for the life of the Loan. This restriction is not applicable to our existing facilities with ING or CS or to any refinancing of our Senior Notes.

The Loan is a secured senior obligation and ranks pari passu with all existing and future senior indebtedness, including the Senior Notes, and is effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The amount drawn is guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries and is secured by a pledge of shares of those subsidiaries and an assignment of certain contractual rights. The terms of the Loan restrict the manner in which our business is conducted, including the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the making of investments, the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions, entering into certain affiliate transactions and the sale of assets.

- (3) On March 28, 2007, we repaid EUR 0.6 million (approximately US\$ 0.8 million) which had been drawn by our Croatia operations under two loan agreements with Hypo Alpe-Adria Bank d.d. The security held by the bank was also released.
- (4) CET 21 has a four-year credit facility of CZK 1.2 billion (approximately US\$ 57.1 million) with Ceska Sporitelna, a.s. ("CS"). The final repayment date is October 31, 2009. This facility may, at the option of CET 21, be drawn in CZK, US\$ or EUR and bears interest at the three-month, six-month or twelve-month London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), EURIBOR or Prague Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("PRIBOR") rate plus 1.95%. This facility is secured by a pledge of receivables, which are also subject to a factoring arrangement with Factoring Ceska Sporitelna, a.s., a subsidiary of CS. As at March 31, 2007, there were no drawings under this facility.

- (5) CET 21 has a working capital credit facility of CZK 250.0 million (approximately US\$ 11.9 million) with CS, which matures on April 30, 2007. This working capital facility bears interest at the three-month PRIBOR rate plus 1.65%. On April 7, 2007 this facility was extended to April 30, 2008. This facility is secured by a pledge of receivables, which are also subject to a factoring arrangement with Factoring Ceska Sportelna, a.s. As at March 31, 2007, the full CZK 250.0 million (approximately US\$ 11.9 million) was drawn under this facility bearing interest at an aggregate 4.22% (the applicable three-month PRIBOR rate at March 31, 2007 was 2.57%).
- (6) As at March 31, 2007, there were no drawings under a CZK 600.0 million (approximately US\$ 28.5 million) factoring facility with Factoring Ceska Sportelna, a.s., a subsidiary of CS. This facility is available until March 31, 2010 and bears interest at the rate of one-month PRIBOR plus 1.40% for the period that actively assigned accounts receivable are outstanding. On April 11, 2007 the size of this facility was reduced from CZK 600.0 million to CZK 300.0 million.
- (7) As at March 31, 2007, an amount of RON 242,739 (approximately US\$ 0.1 million) was outstanding under a loan agreement from one of the founding shareholders of TV Sport. The loan is interest free and is repayable in equal monthly instalments by August 31, 2007.
- (8) A revolving five-year facility agreement was entered into by Pro Plus for up to EUR 37.5 million (approximately US\$ 49.9 million) in aggregate principal amount with ING Bank N.V., Nova Ljubljanska Banka d.d., Ljubljana and Bank Austria Creditanstalt d.d., Ljubljana. The facility availability amortizes by 10.0% each year for four years commencing one year after signing, with 60.0% repayable after five years. This facility is secured by a pledge of the bank accounts of Pro Plus, the assignment of certain receivables, a pledge of our interest in Pro Plus and a guarantee of our wholly-owned subsidiary CME Media Enterprises B.V. Loans drawn under this facility will bear interest at a rate of EURIBOR for the period of drawing plus a margin of between 2.10% and 3.60% that varies according to the ratio of consolidated net debt to consolidated broadcasting cash flow for Pro Plus. As at March 31, 2007, EUR 33.8 million (approximately US\$ 45.0 million) was available for drawing under this revolving facility; there were no drawings outstanding.
- (9) Our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations have entered into a number of three-year unsecured loans with Glavred-Media, LLC, the minority shareholder in Ukrpromtorg. As at March 31, 2007, the total value of loans drawn was US\$ 1.7 million. The loans are repayable between August 2009 and December 2009 and bear interest at 9.0%.

#### *Capital Lease Obligations*

Capital lease obligations include future interest payments of US\$ 1.8 million. For more information on our capital lease obligations see Part I, Item 1, Note 11.

#### *Operating Leases*

For more information on our operating lease commitments see Part I, Item 1, Note 18.

#### *Unconditional Purchase Obligations*

Unconditional purchase obligations largely comprise future programming commitments. At March 31, 2007, we had commitments in respect of future programming US\$ 90.8 million (December 31, 2006: US\$ 98.0 million). This includes contracts signed with license periods starting after March 31, 2007. For more information on our programming commitments see Part I, Item 1, Note 18.

#### *Other Long-Term Obligations*

Included in Other Long-Term Obligations are our commitments to the Dutch tax authorities of US\$ 3.9 million (see Part I, Item 1, Note 18).

In addition to the amounts disclosed above, Mr. Sarbu has the right to sell his remaining 10.0% shareholding in Pro TV and MPI to us under a put option agreement entered into in July 2004 at a price to be determined by an independent valuation, subject to a floor price of US\$ 1.45 million for each 1.0% interest sold. A put option of 5.21% of this 10.0% shareholding is exercisable from November 12, 2009 for a twenty-year period thereafter. Mr. Sarbu's right to put the remaining 4.79% shareholding is also exercisable from November 12, 2009, provided that we have not enforced a pledge over this 4.79% shareholding which Mr. Sarbu granted as security for our right to put our 10.0% in Media Pro. As at March 31 2007, we consider the fair value of this put option to be approximately US\$ nil (2006: US\$ nil).

#### **V (d) Cash Outlook**

The issuance of the EUR 370.0 million (approximately US\$ 480.0 million at the time of issuance) Senior Notes for the acquisition of the TV Nova (Czech Republic) group in May 2005 increased our leverage and we have significant debt service obligations in respect of the Senior Notes. In addition, the terms of our indebtedness restrict the manner in which our business is conducted, including the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the making of investments, the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions, entering into certain affiliate transactions and the sale of assets. Net cash proceeds from the issuance of new shares of our Class A Common Stock of US\$ 168.6 million in March 2006 significantly reduced our net debt and provides a useful source of funds to allow investment flexibility, including acquisitions better suited to equity rather than debt financing. On July 21, 2006, we entered into a five-year EUR 100.0 million revolving loan facility (the EBRD Loan Agreement), which, once fully drawn, can be used for general corporate purposes to further increase our financing flexibility, and will reduce our average cost of debt. This amount was drawn on April 18, 2007.

Our future cash needs will depend on our overall financial performance, debt service requirements under the Senior Notes, the EBRD Loan Agreement as well as under other indebtedness incurred by us as well as any future acquisition, investment and development decisions. Our ability to raise further funds through external debt facilities depends on our satisfaction of a leverage ratio under the Senior Notes, which is also incorporated into the drawing conditions of the EBRD Loan Agreement. In the short-term we are able to fund our operations from cash generated from operations, our current cash resources (US\$ 157.3 million, at March 31, 2007) and available undrawn credit facilities (US\$ 235.3 million, at March 31, 2007).

We expect to invest US\$ 70-75 million on capital expenditure in 2007, and approximately US\$ 10 million furthering the development of our non-broadcast operations. Any further significant acquisitions could be financed through the issues of additional external debt or equity depending on prevailing market conditions at the time.

Our Croatia operations continue to require funding to improve our ratings performance and increase our market share. We expect the funding required to support Nova TV (Croatia) to be in excess of US\$ 26.0 million during 2007, and have provided US\$ 7.9 million in cash funding to Nova TV (Croatia) in the three months ended March 31, 2007. Our Ukraine (KINO, CITI) operations continue to require funding in order to achieve improved ratings and market share. We expect the funding required to support KINO and CITI to be in excess of US\$ 7.0 million during 2007, and have provided US\$ 3.0 million in cash funding to KINO and CITI in the three months ended March 31, 2007. Our partners will provide a pro rata amount of financing to KINO and CITI on the same terms.

We expect that, taken together, our current cash balances, internally generated cash flow, committed bank facilities, and local financing of broadcast operations should result in us having adequate cash resources to meet our debt service and other existing financial obligations for the next 12 months. The acquisition of additional shareholdings in our current operations, further investment in the expansion of existing operations, acquisitions, or other investments in the development of new revenue opportunities may require further financing. To the extent we will need additional financing, we would expect to raise such financing through issuing additional debt or equity.

#### **V (e) Tax Inspections**

Pro Plus has been the subject of an income tax inspection by the Republic of Slovenia tax authorities for the years 1995 to 1998. As a result of these inspections the Slovenian tax authorities had levied an assessment seeking unpaid income taxes, customs duties and interest charges of an amount equivalent to EUR 4.5 million (approximately US\$ 6.0 million). The Slovenian authorities have asserted that capital contributions and loans made by us to Pro Plus in 1995 and 1996 should be extraordinary revenue to Pro Plus. On this basis, the Slovenian authorities claim that Pro Plus made a profit in 1995 and 1996 for which it owes income taxes and interest. Additionally, the Slovenian tax authorities claim that the fixed assets imported as capital contributions were subject to customs duties, which were not paid. On February 9, 2001, the Slovenian tax authorities concluded that the cash capital contributions for 1995 and 1996 were not extraordinary income. This has reduced the assessment to an amount equivalent to EUR 2.7 million (approximately US\$ 3.5 million) in aggregate principal amount. Pro Plus appealed this decision to the Administrative Court in Ljubljana and requested the tax authorities to defer the demand for payment until a final judgment has been issued, and the tax authorities have so agreed. On April 18, 2005, the Administrative Court issued a decision in favor of Pro Plus and dismissed the claims of the tax authorities. The tax authorities filed an appeal with the Slovenian Supreme Court in May 2005. We do not have a provision in our financial statements in relation to this legal action.

#### **V (f) Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

None.

#### **VI. Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our accounting policies affecting our financial condition and results of operations are more fully described in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make judgments in selecting appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates, which inherently contain some degree of uncertainty. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe our critical accounting policies are as follows: program rights, goodwill and intangible assets, impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, revenue recognition, income taxes, foreign exchange and contingencies. These critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements. There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies since December 31, 2006.

##### *Recently adopted accounting principles*

On January 1, 2007, we adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. The evaluation of a tax position under FIN 48 is a two-step process. The first step is recognition: Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return should be recognized only if those positions are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. In evaluating whether a tax position has met the more likely than not recognition threshold, it should be presumed that the position will be examined by the relevant taxing authority and that they would have full knowledge of all relevant information. The second step is measurement: Tax positions that meet the recognition criteria are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being recognized upon ultimate settlement.

As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we recognized a liability of approximately US\$ 2.0 million for unrecognized tax benefits, of which US\$ 1.7 million was accounted for as a reduction to retained deficit as at January 1, 2007. The total amount of unrecognized benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate amounts to US\$ 2.0 million, all of which would reduce the effective tax rate accordingly.

We recognize interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits within the provision for income taxes. As at January 1, 2007, we accrued US\$ 1.8 million in respect of interest and penalties, of which US\$ 1.5m was accounted for as a reduction to retained deficit.

Our subsidiaries file income tax returns in the Netherlands and various other tax jurisdictions including the United States. As at January 1, 2007, analyzed by major tax jurisdictions, the Company's subsidiaries are no longer subject to income tax examinations for years before:

<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>Year</b>
Croatia	2003
Czech Republic	2003
Germany	2000
Netherlands	2004
Romania	2002
Slovak Republic	2001
Slovenia	2001
Ukraine	2003
United States	2001

## **PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 6. Exhibits**

a) The following exhibits are attached:

31.01	Sarbanes-Oxley Certification s. 302 CEO, dated February 22, 2008
31.02	Sarbanes-Oxley Certification s. 302 CFO, dated February 22, 2008
32.01	Sarbanes-Oxley Certification – CEO and CFO, dated February 22, 2008 (furnished only)

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 22, 2008      /s/ Michael Garin  
Michael Garin  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Duly Authorized Officer)

Date: February 22, 2008      /s/ Wallace Macmillan  
Wallace Macmillan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Accounting Officer)

**EXHIBIT INDEX**

- 31.01 s. 302 Sarbanes-Oxley Certification - CEO, dated February 22, 2008
- 31.02 s. 302 Sarbanes-Oxley Certification - CFO, dated February 22, 2008
- 32.01 s. 906 Sarbanes-Oxley Certification - CEO and CFO, dated February 22, 2008 (furnished only)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Michael Garin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Central European Media Enterprises Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report), that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Michael Garin  
Michael Garin  
Chief Executive Officer  
February 22, 2008

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CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Wallace Macmillan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Central European Media Enterprises Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report), that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Wallace Macmillan  
Wallace Macmillan  
Chief Financial Officer  
February 22, 2008

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Central European Media Enterprises Ltd (the "Company") on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ended March 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Michael Garin, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Wallace Macmillan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1 the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2 the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods explained in the report.

/s/ Michael Garin

/s/ Wallace Macmillan

Michael Garin

Wallace Macmillan

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

February 22, 2008

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